

icio:	EEDOM NY	Cone	dense	It <sup>™</sup> Thursday, May 18, 2000
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; ; 1	BEFORE THE	rage	1	PROCEEDINGS
2	ARMED SERVICES BOARD OF CONTRACT APPEALS		2	(9:00 a.m.)
دَ :	, )		3	JUDGE JAMES: Let the record reflect that this
! 4	In the matter of: ) Appeal of: ) ASBCA No. 43965		4	is day four in the hearings of Freedom NY, under ASBCA
5	FREEDOM NY, INC.			docket number 43965. I believe we were continuing in the
6	DLA13H-85-C-0591		5	examination of witness Henry Thomas. Mr. Thomas do you
. 7	Kings County Crimimnal Court Building		6	want to come up and take the stand? Remember you're
: 8	120 Schermerhorn Street Brooklyn, New York		7	
. 9	Thursday, May 18, 2000		8	already under oath.
10	9:00 a.m.		9	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
1:	BEFORE:		10	Whereupon,
12	DAVID W. JAMES, Administrative Judge		11	HENRY THOMAS,
13	APPEARANCES:		12	the witness on the stand at the time of the recess,
14	For the Government:		13	having been previously sworn, was further examined and
15	KATHLEEN HALLAM, ESQ. Defense Supply Center Philadelphia		14	testified as follows:
16	Defense Logistics Agency 700 Robbins Avenue		15	DIRECT EXAMINA'TION(resuming)
	Philadelphia, PA 19111		16	BY MR. STEIGER:
17	Par the Armallant:		17	Q Mr. Thomas, good morning.
18	For the Appellant:		18	A Good morning.
1,9	NORMAN A. STEIGER, ESQ. Goldberg & Connoly		19	Q Do you remember that we were talking yesterday
20	66 North Village Drive Rockville Centre, NY 11570		20	about the initial period of production? The initial
21	BRUCE LUCHANSKY, ESQ.		21	
22	Kellman & Sheeban, P.A. Sun Life Building		22	·
23	20 South Charles Street, 8th Floor Baltimore, MD 21201		23	Q when you first planned to deliver. You
24			24	
25			25	
_			<del> -</del>	Page 713
· <sub>1</sub>	INDEX	Page		
; <sub>2</sub>				
3	WITNESSES DIRECT CROSS REDIRECT RE	ECROSS	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1,3	HENRY THOMAS, JR. 712 765 779	<del></del>	3	-
15	RICHARD PENZER 799		4	
6	DAVID LAMBERT 629 843 850		:	
i,		872	(	
8	CLARENCE STANLEY 873		,	available. You mentioned Zyglo testing. Were there any
.,9	CEREBROS SINGES		1	
10	·		9	± -
11	EXHIBITS		10	else that you could think of?
12		coived	1	A In the early first days of production, the AVI
L	Number Identified Rec A-397, 399 to 403, 405, 419	853	12	was confused as to where they were supposed to inspect,
12	A-397, 399 CC 402, 405, 415	933	1:	Q What's the AVI?
14			1.	A Army Vetrenary it's the Health Services
1.5			1:	
1,6			1	
17			1	
18			1:	
19			1	
23				
21			2	
22			2	·
2			2	•
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			2	A And what happened was as we started our lines

as we're making the product."

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to run, they had considered that a lot was a capped and strapped end item and they -- the first day, they didn't inspect our line. The first lot was like 240 cases or 200 and some odd cases. And they made out -- had our people cap and strap. And once -- they made -- busted loose or cut the strapping, took the top cap off and they did an inspection. It passed. When I heard that they had cut the strap and took the boxes out, I said, "You're not supposed -- that's the end item. You have to do this

Well, that was a problem and I lost out as far as them, them understanding what was going on. And the next day, they -- something came from DPSC that the strapping material had failed at DPSC. So as we produced the next day's lot, obviously, we could not cap and strap the cases. So since the capping and strapping had failed, they said they cannot inspect until they get a -- some strapping that passed and then they would say, "That's Okay." Then they'll go into it.

Well, this went on for say 30,000 cases.

Meanwhile, we're talking to the PCO and he says we have to do what the AVI says. And finally we forced the issue because we are now bumping up production. And our inspectors, who are new, have never seen this, have never done it. We're training them. Was passing. Everything

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lots were passing as the AVI finally started doing what
 the specification was.

In other words, we were operating in the blind.
And that's not the way the specification was.

Q Yes. That's what I wanted to ask you. Focus for us on exactly how specification was violated in terms of this inspection process.

A They were supposed to inspect on a moving line bases as we produced the products. Instead, they produce -- they inspected at a later time. They aren't even on the floor as we were inspecting.

Q And how did this specifically impact your operation at that time?

13 A We being a startup, having no idea and never 14 seeing this operation done before at the other plants. 15 They wouldn't let us go to another plant to see how it 16 was done. I put this production together from a set of 17 specs of how I envisioned it should work. And as we knew 18 that it said that they was going to be on the floor doing 19 testing as we are producing, tinsel test, desiccation 20 tests, all kinds of -- making sure all the product is in the bag and what have you. If a line is producing wrong, what it would do is -- I could then quickly stop, correct 23 that line before the defects come up enough to reject the

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was passing. We were failing some and we were finding a lot of defects. The problem is that we finally said,
"This is wrong. And these guys should be on the floor doing the moving lot inspection." We had produced, approximately, 20/30 thousand cases.

5 And finally Frank Bankoff told them that they б 7 had to inspect as the case was cap -- was sleeved and 8 strapped at that point. The AVI then started to inspect 9 the lots that we had lined up and they start finding 10 problems. And they start failing this lot. Failing the 11 next lot. Failing the next lot. I became alarmed. And saw what they were failing and ran to the line and we 12 13 started adjusting. And says, "Okay, we've got that one." 14 But now we're not in sync. We're three weeks in front of them. They're back here. I'm finding this. And so we 15 16 were still producing these defects. So finally we got 17 them to do a dual inspection. Like, fine, put somebody 18 over there to do that at night. Get on the line today 19 and as we are producing, you inspect the way this thing 20 is supposed to. So on say the 19th or whatever day it 21 was and, it's in the record, the AVI inspected on that 22 day. It was a short lot. We may have failed the first

two hours. We adjusted it. We started a new lot but we

adjusted everything and the lot passed. The next day

they inspected the lot passed. From that point on the

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one of this, three of this, and the lot would still pass.

whole lot. In other words, we could have two of this,

2 Those are failures. But if you get more than this, then

3 that means the whole lot will fail.

Q Mr. Thomas, let me cut to the quick. How many weeks of production time, productive production time did you lose as a result of this action?

A We lost from the first day, to the day they

A We lost from the first day, to the day they started inspecting our line. So if we started in September or October sometime and they started in December, that's what we lost because those 30,000 case was produced without AVI inspection online.

12 Q So we're talking about the loss here of 30,000 cases?

A Whatever the number is. It's approximately 30,000 cases.

Q Now one more question on this point. How much additional start up time did you have to apply in order to get this thing into production?

A What we did was stop the lines and started to retrain people. And the way I looked at it was that from the day they got on the line two to three days later; we had corrections. So I was under -- so if they had started inspecting the first day, we would have -- two to three days later, we would have been correcting everything and we never would have piled up all of these

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uninspected cases that should have been looked at and inspected at the proper time. And that caused a lot of

2 confusion as a result of the AVI inspecting at the -- or

not inspecting because they were at the wrong location.

O Now I'll ask you another question. And was 5 this the mistake of the government agency, the Army 6

Vetrenary Inspection?

A Yes. It was,

Q And did you complain about it while it was 9 happening? 10

A Yes. I did. 11

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Q Did you -- do you recall if you included this in your claim to the United States government?

A Yes. I did.

Q And did you have costs in there and impact in 15 there for this action? 16

A Yes. We do.

17 O Thank you. I would like now pick up where we 18 left off specifically in yesterday's testimony. I -- you 19

have to look at the failures of the government to provide 20

the GFM, where these -- did these failures occur all at 21 once? Where they segmented? How would you define in 22

terms of time the government failure to provide you GFM? 23

A At the pre-award survey, we asked the PCO to 24 provide us with a list of when the GFM was to start 25

scheduling and telling the industry to ship to our plant, we put them on notice. That was never corrected

throughout this contract.

What happened was they start shipping in the 4 product just like they told all the suppliers, it was coming. But it was never corrected. So, therefore, we didn't even have in-house the full 620,000 cases. When

the termination for default of the 114,000 cases came,

they then -- we agreed -- they removed 114,000 units or 9

the corresponding units, millions of units went out of 10

plant that reduced that. Okay. So, therefore, that's 11

why we started to run into GPM problems before the 505 12

was completed. We constantly were telling them that we 13 have not received enough GFM. Okay. So the GFM problem 14

was throughout. It became very -- as we approached the 15

505 which is the reduction of the 114,000 cases, as we 16

approached that near July, we started to running out of 17

jellies, cream substitutes, this -- crackers, that --18

and, and, and we're trying to adjust inventory because 19

sometime the government would come to us and order us to 20

ship from our existing GFM inventory to another location 21

and they would replace it. They have that right to do 22

that, I guess, to do that but they did. 23

So even if we did have GFM in-house and they were short at Sopakco or short at Rafco, they would call

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arriving and in what quantities. He did do that. We

then noticed that the PCO had not purchased enough GFM to

meet the 620,000 cases. Let alone the additional loss 3

4 ratio of --

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O Mr. Thomas, excuse me. I don't think you heard my question. I was focusing on the failure of the government to provide you with the GFM called for in the contract.

A That's exactly what I'm talking about.

Q During what periods of time are we talking about here? Is it one period, two. What? Tell us.

A From the beginning of the contract, as I was 12 13 just talking about --

O Right.

14 15 A -- We put them on notice. That's what I'm 16 talking about. From the beginning of the contract at the pre-award -- at the post-award, I'm sorry if I said 17 pre-award, the post-award conference we asked for a GFM 18 19 schedule. When we got the schedule, we noticed that they had not planned to give us enough for the contract. The 20 solicitation says they're going to us enough for the 21 contract plus we're going to get 2 or 3 or 4 percent loss 22 ratio that -- that allowed the losses. So that has to be 23

included to. So by us putting on notice that -- that

they're shorting us already as far as what they're

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us up and say, "Sent a -- bill a lady." Telling us to reduce our inventory. Ship it over there. We've done

that. So sometime they forgot to ship stuff back to us. 3

So that's why we had always put them on notice to get it 4

back to us. But the GFM shortage was throughout the 5

contract period. 6

JUDGE JAMES: Mr. Thomas, you just mentioned 7 July. July of which year. 8

THE WITNESS: Okay. This is July '86. When 9 the a -- when we were getting ready to finish up the 505 10

and look to start the reinstatement of the cases. 11

MR. STEIGER: The reinstatement of the 100 --12

THE WITNESS: And 14,000 13

14 MR. STEIGER: Fourteen thousand. That had

supposedly been given to you with Mod. 25? 15

BY MR. STEIGER:

Q Now, let me ask you this. As we got down to the critical production periods, I think you said,

October, November. What did you say September, October, 19

November? Around that time? Of '86? 20

A Oh, back in -- okay.

O Did you -- you were experiencing shortages of 22

GFM at that time?

24 A Yes.

Q Did you notify the Government of these

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- shortages? ŀ
- 2 A Yes.
- 3 Q Were you also experience -- were you
- 4 experiencing any shortages of CFM, Contractor Furnished
- Material?
- A No.
- 7 Q Did Mr. Liebman ever tell you that he believes
- that you were -- that you had shortages of CFM? 8
  - A Yes.
- 10 Q He did?
- 11 A Yes.

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- 12 Q Well, well, was he right?
- 13 A No. He was right to a degree but it depends on 14
- who's planning the production. If I'm running the shop 15 and I know that I'm short of cash over here and I need
- 16
- this over there, I went on a just-in-time inventory with
- 17 my suppliers. So, therefore, I don't have to bring in
- 18 six weeks or three-month worth of products like he could
- 19 do. I could bring in a week at a time. A week at a time
- 20 and a week at a time. That way --
- 21 Q Did this as you put it, "just in time"
- 22 schedule, did that impede your ability to produce? 23
- A No. We constantly produced -- we got
- 24 permission from DPSC to -- which Bankoff gave us to get
- 25 cakes and cookies and various other things from Southern
  - Page 723
  - Packaging. Our supplier, Sterling Bakery, at the time
- 2 was giving us some flack but they were tied in now with,
- with the -- our opponent, Cinpac. So what we decided to 3
- do was go to another prime which was Sapakco and get them
- 5 approved as a supplier. So what Randy Gross did, was
- give them -- we gave them a letter of credit. And I
- said, "Anything I need that don't come in, I want you to
- give to me." Glen Auchi said, "Okay, Henry I'll work
- with you." And he did. Since we had it approved from
- 10 the PCO that we could do this, we pulled trailers up
- 11 overnight and brought products in two days in advance
- 12 from them. They wanted to sell us cakes, cookies, and
- 13 things like that which we didn't give them any business.
- 14 We gave it to Sterling. But Sterling started giving us a
- lot of problems because they're the only supplier that
- the government had to do cookies, brownies, and what have 16
- 17 you. So if they're the ones that are suppling our
- 18 competition, Cinpac, and we're trying to knock them out,
- we're not giving it to them. We became a real problem 19
- 20 for us. So we decided to go with Southern Packaging.
- 21 And that's how we kept our inventory up to snuff and it's
- 22 in the record. Or it's in my file. I hope it's in the
- record. Where you can see payments to Southern Packaging
- 24 and Storage off and on. And you should be able to see
- that the product where it came from.

- Page 724
- O Did the fact then that you did not accumulate, should we say, contractor furnished material impede or prevent or hamper your ability to perform?
- Q Was -- did the fact that you did not accumulate CFM inventory -- did it have anything to do with
- availability of funds that you had on hand?
- A Yes. It did. We constantly told the PCO, we
- begged the PCO, to give us money because after July,
- August, September time frame we're telling him that the 10 ceiling that he's imposing on us because of the fast 11
- liquid -- because of the liquidation rate being
- liquidated at 95 percent instead of the 82.6 percent was
- causing a problem. I wrote many letters. Pat Marra 14
- 15 wrote him many letters. And we said all that we can do
- is just write him letters and put it on the records 16
- 17 because he's ignoring us. Even though he sees us running
- into a stone wall, we tell him we're going to run into a
- 19 stone wall, please, get Marvin Liebman to give us the
- progress payments. And he says, "Oh, no. You got to 20
- 21 produce. When you produce, I will increase." And we
- say, "It's not based on -- tied to deliveries." But he
- 23 keeps tying it to the deliveries and he wouldn't get off
- of that. So he didn't understand, I guess, because he's 24
  - maybe -- he's not in production -- that the person he
    - Page 725
- 1 hired knew more than he knew. I'm the guy they hired to
- do this job and then he countermands everything that I'm
- 3 trying to do.
- Q Okay. Did there come a time when you had
- produced the complete number of MRE cases that you could with the exception of the reinstated quantity? 6
  - A Yes.

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- O And do you recall when that was?
- A 22 October 1986. We had completed production
- for the 505 portion. We notified the government.
- 11 Q Thank you. Do you recall submitting a progress
- 12 payment request around that time with respect to costs
- 13 incurred? Do you recall that? If not, let me call it to
- your attention once again. Let's go back to the
- government prepared document on progress payments in
- their file. Tab G-95, I believe we've been referring to
- 17 it. I call your attention to the very last progress
- 18 payment number 22.
  - A All right.
  - Q For what amount was that?
- A One million, four hundred forty-three thousand, 22 two hundred eleven dollars.
  - Q Did you ever receive a single penny from that money?
    - A No.

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Q In fact, Mr. Thomas, did you ever receive a single penny at all after that?

- A I don't believe we did.
- Q Now, I know that you can only attest to the
- validity of the factual statements as you said that
- appear on the top horizontal line. But if you would
- 7 kindly look at the comments in your -- does this explain
- 18 why nothing was paid to you for that progress payment?
  - A Well, --
- 10 Q Well, just -- on what it says. You believe it 11 says why you were not paid anything?
  - A This whole -- I don't know. I mean --
- 13 Q Well, if you don't know say, "I don't know."
  - A I have no idea. I was total perplexed by this.
- 15 Q Were you told by Mr. Liebman why he was not
- 16 honoring that particular progress payment at request?
  - A No.
- 18 Q Did it come to pass a couple weeks later that
- 19 Mr. Liebman decided to liquidate progress payments at 100
- 20 percent?
- 21 A Yes, It did.
- Q And did he give you a reason for doing that?
- 23 A His reason was that he will not expose the
- 24 Government money until Frank Bankoff awards him RE-7.
- And he's not going to give us another dime.

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1 Government provide substitutions?

2 A No. The substitutions were really GFM that's

3 to be used for our existing cases except he said, "Double

- up on this one. Double up on that one." So he changed
- 5 the -- they changed the configuration of the cases. So
- 6 they would let you substitute something that they were
- 7 missing. So what they were doing was taking from the
- 8 existing inventory. Pulling it down here. But now
- 9 they're going to have to replace that at a later date.
- 10 So by -- automatically if they're not tracking this --
- that they told us to use all these substitutions, then
- 12 they won't know in the future what they have borrowed
- 13 from us. A substitution is no more than I'm going to
- 14 borrow from this lot -- from this inventory, then let you
- 15 use it over here.
- 16 Q Are these substitutions -- give me some example 17 of what is doubling up --
- 18 A Let's assume that the Government should have 19 given us beef slices or something. And there was no beef
- 20 slices. Then they say, "Well, use two ham slices
- 21 instead." Okay. In other words, we got a beef slice
- 22 here in the menu. And this other menu had beef slices.
- 23 And we didn't have that so they said, "Well, just grab
- 24 another ham slice, put it in that case." All right. And
- 25 that's the substitution we're going to allow for that

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- Q Are you saying that he was telling you that his giving you money was dependent upon you getting another contract?
  - A Yes. That's what he said.
- 5 Q Thank you. Now his 100 percent liquidation 6 rate that he did, was that consistent with the contract
- 7 requirements for liquidation rates?
- 8 A No.

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- 9 Q At that time, did you still believe you were
- 10 entitled to a liquidation rate of 82.6 percent?
- 11 A Yes. I did.
- 12 O Was 84,6 the lower liquidation rate?
- 13 A Right, Yes. I did.
- Q Did you continuously tell the Government of your entitlement to that rate?
- 16 A Yes. We have.
- 17 Q Now, you testified that you were missing GFM to
- 18 perform the final reinstated quantity of 114,758 -- were
- 19 you able to begin to produce any of those items?
- A We produced about 6,000 two days. About 6,000 cases as a result of Mr. Bankoff giving us, I believe
- 22 some substitutions. I think that's what got us going
- 23 again.
- Q Well, let's talk about those substitutions. We mentioned them earlier in the testimony. Did the

1 lot.

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- Q And these substitutions, how did they affect your limited production here that you were doing?
- A We had our lines set for certain sizes and
- 5 certain packages and certain configuration. If we now
- 6 have to take two big pieces and try and get it into this
- 7 bag along with everything else, it may not fit. If we
- 8 then make the bag too big, when we get to the cases in
- 9 trying to shove this bag in there, especially, if there's
- 10 two substitutions being allowed at the same time, the
- 11 case becomes fat. Now the sleeve won't go on it. It
- 12 won't close properly. So by them just telling us, "Okay,
- 13 substitute this, do this, do that." They have no idea
- 14 the impact it has on our production. It may not have an
- 15 impact on somebody else's production but the way ours was
- 16 configured; we had to be very careful in how the things
- 17 were arranged.
  - Q Did you encounter problems with the substitutions?
    - A Yes. We did.
- 21 Q And what was the time effect of those, for
- 22 example?

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- 23 A If they told us to substitute, we now had to
  24 restock the lines a certain way and then make sure that
- 25 there's a person to put that particular item on that --

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- in that particular line and make sure that, that person
- knew that we wanted them to change. If one thing was one
- size and they want us to substitute something, it could
- change the configuration of the bag.
- 5 Q Now, let's focus on how extensive these
- substitutions were. To the extent that you were able to
- 7 use these substitutions, how many units did they affect?
- Approximately.
- A They -- oh, if he wants us and they didn't have 9
- 10 it for that lot, it affected that whole lot.
- 11 Q I'm talking about -- I'm talking about the
- substitutions they gave you. Did these substitutions 12
- 13 enable you to complete some of the MRE units?
- 14 A Yes. It would do --
  - Q Approximately, how many were you able to
- 16 complete with the substitutions?
- 17 A I have no idea. It -- we have a -- I have a
- schedule in the file somewhere. It talks about all of 18
- 19 the substitutions.
- 20 Q In relation to the 114,758 units.
- 21 A Right.

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- 22 Q Do you know how many were affected by your
- 23 being able to use substitutions?
- 24 A. No. I could guess. It would be no more than
- 25 the 600, the 6,000 cases that I did. So if I got that

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- many out, there could have been substitutions in there.
- I just don't know. But it would be in that -- that's the 2
- 3
- Q So certainly, with whatever extent the 4
- 5 Government was directing you to make substitutions, it
- did not allow you to complete your contract requirement 6
- 7 for the full 114,700.
- 8 A Oh, no. Absolutely not. They didn't have
- 9 enough substitutions to do that,
- 10 Q Now, we spoke about the 200 -- the DD forms
- 11 250. Or units delivered and accepted. Were you ever
- 12 told why the Government was not paying these?
- 13 A No.

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- 14 Q Now, do you recall how early these invoices go
- 15 back in your production cycle when you started to submit
- 16 the DD250's and when they stopped paying them? Do you
- 17 have any idea? Do you recall?
  - A I would say it goes back to FNY 80.
- 19 O I'm sorry?
  - A FNY 80 is an invoice number. All right.
- Q Do you know the time, approximately? 21
- 22 A I think it was March of '86, maybe.
  - Q So they did at one time for early shipments,
- 24 did they honor DD250? You were getting some DD250 money?
  - A They would --

- O Did you -- never got DD250? You recall?
- A The problem with the DD250 is, we should have
- been on automated bases. And we were never on automated.
- The DD250's were always coming in sporadic and late. So,
- therefore, we may have gotten paid invoices but those
- invoices were like 200 days late. Eighty days late. The
- invoice before it might have been 70 days late. The next
- invoice didn't -- was never paid. It was so up and down
- -- a jig saw puzzle, you'd have to see the chart that we
- prepared as to the timing of when we produced or gave
- them the DD250 and the timing they paid the DD250 to see
- how many days late they were. And then to see how a
- batch got through and they started paying within 30, 40 13
- 14 days. And they all of the sudden a batch would be 60,
- 70, 80 days late. We had no idea of why Mr. Liebman 15
- would take our DD250s, third based them in his desk --

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- A Third base them on his desk. And then all of 18
- the sudden spoon feeds them to the finance office to pay. 19
  - Q Wait a minute, I don't understand, You said
- 21 Mr. Liebman had your DD250's?
- 22 A Mr. Liebman held our DD250 payment. He put us
- 23 on a manual payment system.
- O I don't understand. Didn't your contract 24
  - provide that you would submit DD250's to the paying

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office like every other contract in the whole world?

- A It provides for us. We went to the payment
- office and we were told when we tried to give it to them
- that they -- that I have to give that to Mr. Liebman for
- him to give to them.
- Q Were you ever told why?
- A Yes. Mr. Liebman said he told us he put us on
- a manual system. He's going to personally supervise our
- 9 contract.
  - Q I see. And again, Mr. Thomas, what was the approximate total value of DD250's that were not paid to
- 12 you?

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- 13 A We believe because we're not -- we believe -
  - we have a number of 1.9 million dollars and we constantly
- are waiting for the Government to talk to us. So I have
- a number that may need some adjustment once they give me
- 17 and I give them -- it could come as a surprise. Right
- 18 now on my books, I say a million nine.
- 19 Q But another number has been, shall we say,
- 20 bandied about. What number is that?
- 21 A Well, if we gave you 5 percent which once I
- correct the DD250's on the balance sheet which happens to 22
  - be on the "Which do you" so, therefore, we can then
  - reduce the progress payment rate then what falls out is a
  - 5 percent which is about 90 to 100 thousand dollars. But

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when you apply the prompt payment and whatever the
penalties that the Government's suppose to pay on these
invoices it's going to be a lot more.
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- Q Did it come to pass, Mr. Thomas, that you 4 ceased final case assembly? 5
- A Yes. 6

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- Q And at that time what happened to your work --Well, let me ask you, do you recall approximately when 8
  - A Around early November 1986.
- Q Do you recall how that affected your workforce? 11 Of what you did with your workforce. 12
- A Everybody was laid off waiting to be recalled 13 until we got this financing and GFM issues resolved so 14 that we can startup and stay running and finish the 15 16 contract.
  - Q So even then you had intentions of continuing or reinstating or starting again with performance of the
- 20 A Yes.

JUDGE JAMES: Well, why did you stop the final 22 assembly?

THE WITNESS: We stopped the final assembly 23 because of -- we had notified them in early October that 24 we didn't have GFM to make the leap once we completed the 25

Page 735

505 into the 114,000 cases. So --1

2 JUDGE JAMES: Let's go off the record, please.

(Off the record.) 3

4 JUDGE JAMES: On the record.

5 THE WITNESS: I got distracted here. What

6 happened --

16

JUDGE JAMES: He answered. He told me lack of 7 8 GFM.

9 MR. STEIGER: Right. Okay.

THE WITNESS: And those two things, Judge. We 10 11 shut down first time as a result of GFM. Okay. To complete the rest of it. And we put them on notice that 12

13 we are now completed the 505 and we were retooling up.

- 14 Since they didn't have the GFM for us, we shut down at
- 15 that point. Mr. Liebman then realizing we shut down.
- turns around and says, "Well, you don't have any CFM. 17
- That's your real reason." And we said, "No. We have
- 19 CFM." He says, "Well, I'm suspending pro -- I'm not
- paying you anymore money until you get another contract." 20

And we told him we had shut down for no GFM. He then

- 121 So all of the sudden, I had a second problem that I went
- to see Frank Bankoff on. When I went down to him and
- told him that -- what Marvin said, he says, "Well, Marvin 23
- 24 says it's your bank. You don't have any money." I says,
  - "I'm begging you people to pay me my money. Marvin's

holding the money. Marvin says he's not going to pay until MRE-7 award. We got a positive pre-award, Mr. Bankoff, issue the contract." MR. STEIGER: And I think you're exceeding the 4

scope of your Honor's question. 6

THE WITNESS: Lack of GFM and lack of money. BY MR. STEIGER:

- O The fact is that's right. The fact is that even if you had a billion dollars at that time, could you have performed the contract without the GFM?
- Q Now, did you advise the Government that -- did you advise the Government that in the event that you got the GFM that you were in a position to recall workers and start work once again?
- A We advised them of that but then we told them 16 of the -- of the notice from Mr. Liebman that he's not 17 going to resume progress payments until another contract 18 19 was awarded.
- Q But you did tell the Government had the 20 problems been rectified you were ready, willing, and able 21 to restart and continue the job?
- A Yes. It is, yes. Yes. I did. 23
  - O Now even with -- you said you laid off workers.

Did you -- when you ceased total production, the total

per case production, did you lay off all your workers? Would you have any workers on hand?

A Yes. We had workers on hand in limited area 3

because we also ran into the accessories and the crackers 4 in the back. We were running out of crackers that the

Government was trying -- was going to now restaff us with 6

crackers. So that we could finish that subassembly 7 8 operation up.

Q Notwithstanding your discontinuance of 9 production, did you still wish to complete this job and 10 to participate in future awards beginning with the MRE-7? 11

- A Yes. We were a part of the IPP program.
- O Now, other than production work on putting together MRE units, did other work continue in the plant toward the objective that you just stated?

A Yes. We finally had gotten another top case 16 sealer. We had gotten another bottom sealer which was a 17

bottle neck in the production. So during this time 18

frame, we adjusted the final assembly lines higher. We 19 retooled the production line and added these two other 20

pieces of equipment that we got to supplement the 21

22 struggle buggy equipment that we were using in this

- 23 production as the result of not having the, the equipment
- 24 that we had planned for a year earlier.
  - Q You were positioning yourself, getting ready to

1111		CHAC	Page 740
1	Page 73	3	
1	perform MRE-7?	1	A Because Mr. Liebman had stomped - put his foot
2	A Absolutely.	2	on the brake on giving us the money.
3	Q Now, let's talk about MRE-7 at that time.	3	Q I see. And what was the result of the second
4	Let's zero back in on it. Had an RFP come had an RFP	4	pre-award survey?
5	been issued?	5	A It came up negative. But it was a trumped up
6	A Yes. It had.	6	negative. It wasn't just
7	Q Right. And you were one of four potential	7	Q Mr. Thomas, please.
8	awardees at that time?	8	A It was negative.
9	A We were the third plant producers of four.	9	Q Thank you. Now in spite of that. Did you
10	Q Right. Now, you submitted a proposal?	10	still try to startup production on MRE-5 again?
11	A Yes.	11	A Yes. We went back in because of whatever it
112	Q Would you tell us what was the standing of your	12	was. To show Frank the good faith. I told him, "I'll
13	proposal?	13	start production with my own money. And give me some
14	A We had received a positive pre-award and we had	14	GFM." I didn't have it so we started up an accessories
15	been told we were the low offeror on the third portion.	15	alone. That's all we had so we started that up. To show
1	Q Positive pre-award low offer.	16	them we were ready to go.
16		17	Q And did they take heed of your of your
17	A Positive pre-award and we were the low offer on		desire to continue to produce?
18	the third portion.	18	-
19	Q Based on that, did you have reasonable	19	A No.
20	expectations of receiving award?	20	Q In fact, did they begin to phase you out?
21	A Yes.	21	A Yes.
22	Q In fact, could you of conceived of any reason	22	Q What did they, what did they you did have
23	why at that time you would not receive an award?	23	physical inventory, obviously, in the plant at the time?
24	A No.	24	A Right.
25	Q Did it come to pass that another pre-award	25	Q Do you recall what did they ask you about
<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	Page 73	_	Page 741
1		_	
	Page 73	9	Page 741 that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an
1	Page 73 survey was ordered?	9 1	Page 741 that?
1 2	Page 73 survey was ordered? A Yes.	9 1 2	Page 741 that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an
1 2 3	Page 73 survey was ordered? A Yes. Q And do you recall how that came about? Who	9 1 2 3	Page 741 that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they
1 2 3 4	Page 73 survey was ordered? A Yes. Q And do you recall how that came about? Who ordered it?	9 1 2 3 4	Page 741 that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they also started to remove GFM from us because they had an
1 2 3 4 5	Page 73 survey was ordered? A Yes. Q And do you recall how that came about? Who ordered it? A Frank Bankoff ordered it.	9 1 2 3 4 5	Page 741 that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they also started to remove GFM from us because they had an emergency at other plants. So all of the sudden
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 2! 22	survey was ordered?  A Yes.  Q And do you recall how that came about? Who ordered it?  A Frank Bankoff ordered it.  Q Do you know the reason why he ordered it?  A His reasons were that we had shut down production and we our financing had dried up. So, therefore, he wanted to before he awarded us a contract he wanted us to have New York DECASMA do another pre-awards survey on us to to find out whether or not we're financially stable. Since production had stopped and Marvin Liebman had told him that our that we had no financial resources.  Q So a second pre-award was ordered and the reasons I believe you said were that you had shut down production?  A Yes.  Q And again, why had you shut down production?  A Because Mr. Bankoff hadn't given us a GFM to continue production.  Q And what about this run out of what did you	9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they also started to remove GFM from us because they had an emergency at other plants. So all of the sudden Q Can we focus on the time here? A Say November, December of '86. As I was shut down. They were taking GFM from our plant in an emergency mode to take it either to South Carolina or to Cinpak or somewhere else. Q But what about your physical invent I'm sorry.  JUDGE JAMES: Before we leave that point. Now you've got the Judge befuddled. If the reason for the stop shutdown in the end of 1986 was lack of GFM?  THE WITNESS: Right. JUDGE JAMES: How were they now removing the nonexistent GFM? How do you do that?  THE WITNESS: Here it is. We had, as I was explaining earlier, there are approximately 500 pieces going into one case. It takes JUDGE JAMES: 500 pieces of GFM?
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	survey was ordered?  A Yes.  Q And do you recall how that came about? Who ordered it?  A Frank Bankoff ordered it.  Q Do you know the reason why he ordered it?  A His reasons were that we had shut down production and we our financing had dried up. So, therefore, he wanted to before he awarded us a contract he wanted us to have New York DECASMA do another pre-awards survey on us to to find out whether or not we're financially stable. Since production had stopped and Marvin Liebman had told him that our that we had no financial resources.  Q So a second pre-award was ordered and the reasons I believe you said were that you had shut down production?  A Yes.  Q And again, why bad you shut down production?  A Because Mr. Bankoff hadn't given us a GFM to continue production.  Q And what about this run out of what did you say run out of finances or	9 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they also started to remove GFM from us because they had an emergency at other plants. So all of the sudden Q Can we focus on the time here? A Say November, December of '86. As I was shut down. They were taking GFM from our plant in an emergency mode to take it either to South Carolina or to Cinpak or somewhere else. Q But what about your physical invent I'm sorry.  JUDGE JAMES: Before we leave that point. Now you've got the Judge befuddled. If the reason for the stop shutdown in the end of 1986 was lack of GFM?  THE WITNESS: Right.  JUDGE JAMES: How were they now removing the nonexistent GFM? How do you do that?  THE WITNESS: Here it is. We had, as I was explaining earlier, there are approximately 500 pieces going into one case. It takes
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 2! 22	survey was ordered?  A Yes.  Q And do you recall how that came about? Who ordered it?  A Frank Bankoff ordered it.  Q Do you know the reason why he ordered it?  A His reasons were that we had shut down production and we our financing had dried up. So, therefore, he wanted to before he awarded us a contract he wanted us to have New York DECASMA do another pre-awards survey on us to to find out whether or not we're financially stable. Since production had stopped and Marvin Liebman had told him that our that we had no financial resources.  Q So a second pre-award was ordered and the reasons I believe you said were that you had shut down production?  A Yes.  Q And again, why had you shut down production?  A Because Mr. Bankoff hadn't given us a GFM to continue production.  Q And what about this run out of what did you	9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	that?  A What happened was they asked us to do an inventory which we started to do an inventory. But they also started to remove GFM from us because they had an emergency at other plants. So all of the sudden Q Can we focus on the time here? A Say November, December of '86. As I was shut down. They were taking GFM from our plant in an emergency mode to take it either to South Carolina or to Cinpak or somewhere else. Q But what about your physical invent I'm sorry.  JUDGE JAMES: Before we leave that point. Now you've got the Judge befuddled. If the reason for the stop shutdown in the end of 1986 was lack of GFM?  THE WITNESS: Right. JUDGE JAMES: How were they now removing the nonexistent GFM? How do you do that?  THE WITNESS: Here it is. We had, as I was explaining earlier, there are approximately 500 pieces going into one case. It takes JUDGE JAMES: 500 pieces of GFM?

Page 742 JUDGE JAMES: And some are CFM and some are 1 2 2 GFM? 3 THE WITNESS: Yes. Let me just show you --3 JUDGE JAMES: Please don't show me. I don't 4 need to know which pieces they are. I'm just trying to 5 find out what's happening here. 6 THE WITNESS: All right. You've got at least, 7 say, 500 pieces that we have a bill of material -- a 8 counting bill of material that funnels down into one 9 case. Okay. They could be -- anything that's short, one 10 10 item is missing, we can't close that case. One item. 11 So, therefore, if they have other items that they have in 12 moving it out. 12 13 excess on in my plant, they can take that and remove it 13 14 and send it to another plant where they have a shortage 14 15 of GFM. It appeared that DPSC had a GFM shortage problem 15 16 all over the place. Not only with my plant but with 16 **1**7 17 other prime contractors. JUDGE JAMES: Okay. In a word then, you'd call 18 18 19 it a selective shortage of GFM. Is that right? 19 THE WITNESS: Selective shortage of GFM, right. 20 20 21 21 It wasn't a total shortage. 22 MR. STEIGER: But selective to the extent that 22 23 you could not complete the assembly of the unit. 23 24 THE WITNESS: Right. Right. I could not close 24 25 25 the case.

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Maybe in early January.

- Q It may have extended onto 1987.
- A Oh, it did. There's no doubt about it.
  - Okay. Now, with respect to that inventory or
- -- what eventually happened to it?
- A The government seized the inventory after they shut -- they basically awarded the contracts, future contracts -- the other contract to some else. And they started to -- while the contract was still alive, remove all of the CFM, GFM, and the physical inventory that we had used progress payments to purchase. They started
- Q When you said, "While we still alive," did you mean before it had been terminated.
  - A Oh, before it had been terminated.
- Q They moved it out. Did they consult with you as to who owned what or anything like that?
- A No. No. I was a pushed aside and they just took over.
- Q Did you give them any reason to believe that you were going to abscond with this inventory?
- O They just came into your plant and what did they do?
  - A They started removing everything. They

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BY MR. STEIGER:

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- Q I was really referring to the physical inventory. Did they ask you about the physical inventory? The fixtures, the equipment, things of that 4 nature. Did they --
  - A Yes. I think what happened was they started doing a -- they started to do a physical inventory, at least the people from New York, because they were
- identifying where Government -- what items were used for 10 progress payment purposes. Let me say it like that,
- What was theirs? What could they touch and say that this 11
- 12 was purchased --
- Q In other words, what did they own? 13
  - A Yes. What did they own?
- Q In other words, they had -- they considered you 15 now out of business. 16
- 17 A I would say that they were trying to now 18 identify stuff that they could grab.
  - Q And what time period now are we talking about?
- A Well, this started as I understand it, as I 20
  - recall sometime in September, I believe. Let me see now.
- It started where they wanted to know what it was, 22
  - Q Yes.
- 24 A But when it actually started to be done was sometime in probably November, December time frame.

- wouldn't give me any money. He froze the money. So
- Conn-Edison says we're going to turn off the lights. So 2
- then they -- I find that Frank Bankoff ordered -- okayed, 3
- Mr. Liebman to use the progress payment money he should 4
- have given to me -- "Okay, use that money and pay
- Conn-Edison," Why didn't he give me the money? I would
- have paid Conn-Edison. 7
  - O He paid Conn-Edison directly?
  - A They paid Conn-Edison direct. They paid -they got fork lift operators in here direct. They used my money to close out the plant while they kept me at
    - Q What happened to the equipment eventually?
- A Well, what happened was, bankers saw what was 14 going on and they say, "Hey, you've -- they've awarded 15 the MRE-7 contract to Cinpak which you were low bidder 16 on." They say, "We're going to have to get out of this. 17 The government is abandoning ship." So they said they're 18 19 going to hold an auction. So they started -- they held an auction. And DPSC participated in it. 20
  - Q Do you know the outcome of that auction?
- Dollars wise or anything like that? 22
- 23 A No. I don't know the outcome. I just know 24 that the outcome was that Cinpak came in and bought a lot 25 of our production equipment. Bought a lot of our stuff.

- And Frank Bankoff is standing there as they were buying
- it. With me standing there watching it. 2
- 3 Q Was all the equipment that was removed
- 4 government-owned equipment?
- 5 A I -- no. Well, no. Everything -- some was --
- belonged to bankers and there was a fight as to -- Well, 6
- basically, whose it was. But bankers just backed up and 7
- 8 say, "If you say this is yours, we're not going to get
- 9 into a fight." But if I was there I would have told
- 10 everybody where it was. I'm the one that made the
- 11 decision on buying what with what money.
  - Q You could of straightened out?
- 13 A Yes. I would of straightened -- I'm the only
- 14 person that can straighten this out.
  - Q Let me ask you this, was any of your own
- 16 personal items removed?

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- 17 A Yes. Our school lunch production equipment
- that we had, that we put on hold and that we told SBA 18
- 19 that we're putting out SBA business plan on hold and not
- 20 doing this was in the plant. Due to the fact of the
- 21 UCC's on this by bankers and, what have you, when I came
- 22 back in everything was gone. I mean school lunch
- 23 packaging equipment, conveyors, kettles, this, that. We
- 24 lost everything.
  - Q Was that auctioned off, too?
- Page 747
- A I don't know where it went. Like I said, I'm
- 2 still scratching my head asking people, "You all took
- 3 over this, will someone come in and tell me what you all
- just did?" Instead I got, "You're in default. You're
- 5 defaulted." That's what I got.
- 6 Q Let me get to it.
- 7 A Okay.
- 8 Q So before your contract was defaulted, I think
- you said they removed your stuff. Did they, did they do
- 10 actions that led you to believe that the contract was
- 11 still alive and kicking?
- 12 A Yes.
- Q What did they do? 13
- A Frank Bankoff says to me knowing full well that 14
- I told him, "Because I don't have any money and Mr. 15
- 16 Liebman got it on hold that the landlord is tired of
- 17 waiting on money." That we're going to be evicted. And
- 18 I say, "I'm not going to go through that embarrassment
- 19 like I did at Hunt's Point trying to hold onto a factory
- 20 for the United States government." I even went to war in
- 21 the old plant with Mayor Koch. There's a whole litany of
- a problem where Henry Thomas and Mayor Koch had a big 22
- 23 fight. As well as the court system for allowing me to
- stay in a building in Hunt's Point in the interest of
- national defense. Because I said I had to have this and

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- I wasn't budging. And I wouldn't let them budge me. So
- this time I said to Bankoff, "Listen, I'm not going to do
- that. Kurt Witteck and I are going to ease this down so
- there's no big fight here. This is embarrassing." So
- I'm not giving you any GFM." They had already awarded

Bankoff says, "Well, Liebman is not giving you any money.

- the contract to Cinpak. I had no follow-on contract.
- Q Let me ask you this. Without any equipment in 8
- your place that knew, knowing that you didn't have any 9
- money, knowing this job was dead, did they send you a 10
- unilateral modification to the contract establishing 11
- 12 delivery dates to perform?
- 13 A They sent it after we kept telling them that we
- will do this if you will give us GFM money and GFM 14
- 15 material, we would complete. The fact is that they took
- it out and then they gave us a Truant Notice. 16
- 17 Q I don't think you head my question. So I'm
- going to ask it again. I asked you, knowing that you had 18
- no equipment in the house, no resources to perform this
- contract, did they give you a unilateral modification
- 21 that established revised delivery dates?
- 22 A Yes.

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- Q Thank you.
- 24 A They did that.
  - O Is that modification in the file?
- Page 749

- A Yes. It is.
- Q Now, you mentioned something about a cure
- notice. Did they send you a cure notice even after that?
- 4 A Yes. After --
- 5 Q And what was that cure notice?
- A The cure notice was telling me that it appeared 6
- that I did not want to continue or something along those
- lines. 8
  - O What did it ask for?
- 10 A It asked for me to cure -- startup production
- 11 again or meet this new imposed delivery schedule that he
- 12 wants me to meet.
  - Q And before you responded to that cure notice,
- what happened? Well, let me ask you this. What happened
- 15 on this contract?
  - A It was terminated for default.
- 17 Q It was terminated for default. Did you appeal
- the default determination? 18
  - A Yes, I did,
  - Q Do you recall to whom did you appeal this to?
    - A The Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals.
- 22 Q You recall the number of that appeal?
  - A I think it was 35671. I believe -- ASBCA
- 24 number 35671, I believe.
  - Q And ultimately did this appeal get resolved by Ann Riley & Associates (202) 842-0034

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the Board?

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- A The Board found --2
  - O What was the decision of the Board?
- A The Board -- the Board found that Freedom was 4 not in default. And we had been wrongfully terminated for default. 6
- O Thank you. Now, as distinctly as possible now, 7 Mr. Thomas, what then happened to Freedom as a company? (8)
- A Freedom as a company stalled. It just -- I had to take it and just put it on a shelf and consider this 10 as an interruption of my business plan. And say, "I've got to go back and get this straight so I can now go back 12 in business and resume my business." I have, I have quit 13
- Freedom and tried to keep things alive so that we can 14
- 15 correct it.
- Q But did Freedom ever continue as a viable 16 company producing items and making money? 17
- 18 A No.
- Q In fact, what happened to the creditors that of 19 RME-5? What happened to them? Are they still around? 20 21 What happened?
- A What I did was I held a meeting or conference 22 call with various people and told them that I want 23 everybody to mark time. 'Wait I'm coming back because I'm 24 24 going to go to the Board. We're going to get this thing. 25

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- Somebody, somebody's got to look at what happened us and
- 2 somebody's got to fix this. This is not America. So
- that's what -- so no one took me to bankruptcy court. - 3
- Nobody's chasing me. All of my creditor who I owe 4
- millions of dollars to -- this very day waiting for me to 5
- come back and correct something that happened 15 years 6
- 7 ago.
- Q Did you ultimately file a claim for additional 8 costs? 9
- 10 A Yes.
- O And is that claim documented in the file? 11
- A Yes. It is. 12
- 13 Q And is that claim, the document, that we are 14 disputing today?
- 15 A Yes. His denial of that claim is why we are 16 here.
- Q And would you describe what are the elements of 17
- what you're asking for this claim. 18 A In the claim we're saying that Freedom was 19
- designated as an industrial preparedness plant producer
- by the Secretary of Defense. And in the agreement that
- we reached with Office of the Secretary of Defense to be maintained in the, in the Industrial Preparedness Program
- that we settled the law suite that we had pending in
- Federal court in order to be treated fair and equally.
- Ann Riley & Associates (202) 842-0034

And we were told we would be. This contract was a result of that settlement

- 2 with the Department of Defense. And I felt that we had 3
- been taken in and then mugged. Totally mistreated,
- discriminated against, and kicked to the curve by Mr.
- Bankoff and Mr. Liebman. We want to be treated fairly
- and not discriminated against by the system. And we want
- the Board to take action to correct Mr. Bankoff over here
- and correct Mr. Liebman and put us back where we should
- have been. Put as us back as the third MRE plant 10 producer that the Secretary of Defense ordered them to 11
  - maintain and keep available in the event of war.
  - O I would like us to just take a brief look at
- 13 the claim in the file. We have it listed it as F-1. 14
- Would you pull that Mr. Thomas? 15
- A F-1? 16

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- Q F-1. Now is this the claim we have been referring to?
- A Yes. It is.
- 19 O And what do you -- what dollars, not in terms 20
- of the numbers but in the nature of the costs. What are 21
  - you seeking here?
- A In this particular claim, I believe, we was 23
  - seeking a -- the relief we wanted here, on page 39, was
  - an increase in the cost of the contract. And other

- losses of equipment, special tooling, a lease on
- improvements, as well as the loss profits from us not
- being included in the Industrial Preparedness Program. 3
  - O Were you seeking loss profits on this job?
  - A Yes. We are looking for the loss profits as a
- result of being eliminated out of the program. 6
  - Q Are you also seeking the additional costs
- associated with having to perform this job based on acts 8
- of the Government?
- A Yes. We are. 10
- Q Okay. Now, I'd like to call your attention to 11
- Rule 4, 192, 12
  - A One hundred ninety-two?
- Q One hundred ninety-two. 14
  - A All right.
- Q Mr. Thomas, can you tell us if this is the 16
- Government's response to the claim you just discussed? 17
  - A Yes. This is the -- Mr. -- Yes. This is the
- 19 response.
- Q I would like to focus your attention on the 20
- decision of the Contracting Officer with respect to your 21
- 22 claim beginning on page 3. Now do you see the first two
- paragraphs relating to the termination for default? But 23
- first of all, was this decision written before or after 24
- 25 the default was overturned? You recall?

Thursday, May 18, 2000 Cond		ense	eIt <sup>™</sup> FREEDOM NY
	Page 754		Page 756
1	A This was written before.	1	matters that you raised in your claim?
2	Q This decision was written before?	2	A No.
3	A Right. It was written before.	3	Q With respect to the few that are here, would
4	Q So it does not take into consideration the acts	4	you say that these are important or significant in terms
5	of the Board in overturning the default?	5	of the dollars that you asked for in your claim?
6	A Right,	6	A Some of them, yes.
7	Q So as far as this decision is concerned, the	7	Q It's significant. How much did you ask for in
8	default action taken by the Government was proper.	8	the claim?
9	A They think it was proper.	9	A I wanted on my claim, I was vague about it, at
10	Q It's what they say in the first two paragraphs.	10	that point I wanted 21 million dollars.
11	A Right. They think this was this was proper.	11	Q How much?
12	Q Now they go on in the third paragraph to talk	12	A Twenty-one million dollars.
13	about the allegations concerning improper strapping.	13	Q What's the largest item here in terms of costs?
14	A Right,	14	Would you say?
15	Q Is this not the same issue that you addressed	15	A I would say I would say maybe 500,000
16	in detail yesterday on the stand?	16	dollars.
17	A And today.	17	Q So the largest item here is 500,000 dollars on
18	Q And today. Right. And today the strapping was	18	a 21 million-dollar claim?
19	today.	19	A Right.
20	A This is the issue about the	20	Q Did the Contracting Officer at anytime discuss
21	Q You're right.	21	his findings and decisions with you?
22	A The strapping.	22	A No.
23	Q The next paragraph talks about some kind of a	23	Q Were you ever aware if this claim was submitted
24	medical hold problem. That make any sense to you? What	24	to legal government legal office for review?
25	was that?	25	A No. I'm not.
	Page 755		Page 757
1	A That was about the Star Food products and the	1	Q Were you under did you ever understand that
2	impact of the Zyglo testing in micro holes that resulted	2	this claim was submitted to the DCAA for audit?
3	from Frank Bankoff allowing Cinpak to be in the same	3	A I understand it was not.
4	plant with Star Foods or that was a problem. It impacted	4	Q You understand that it was not.
5	on everybody,	5	A It was not.
6	Q Now if we got to look at this whole decision	6	Q How do you know that?
7	because of what it says in the next paragraph, it says,	7	A DCAA never contacted me because once they get
8	does it not say as you see, the reasons for the rejection	8	it they will let you know they have a claim, they have an
9	of your claim is because of the actions set forth above.	9	action items. And they notify us right away.
10	Is that the way you read it?	10	Q And would they not need your assistance,
11	A Yes.	11	obviously, to perform such an audit?
12	Q So these are the things that the Government has	12	A That's right.
13	used to reject your claim?	13	Q Thank you. A couple of more questions about
14	A Yes.	14	your claim and about the quantum.
15	Q Does it say anything about your entitlement to	15	Going back to the question of loss profits.
16	the loss profit?	16	A Right.
17	A No.	17	Q You are seeking, if I'm stating this correctly,
18	Q Does it say anything about the late GFM or	18	loss profits on future jobs. Is that right?
19	anything like that?	19	A Right.
20	A No.	20	Q Future contracts. In addition to this one.
21	Q Does it say anything here about your assertions	21	Future contracts, is that right?
22	in the claim regarding the failure to pay progress	22	A That's right,
	payments?	23	Q Okay. What do these future loss profits on
24	A No.	24	future contract have to do with the performance on this
25	Q Would you say that this decision covers the	25	job?

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- A This job is under the Industrial Preparedness
- Program. And one of the programs that's designated by 2
- the offices -- by the Secretary of Defense himself and 3
- designated under 2304816 specifically under DAR 3216 to 4
- maintain productive, productive capability in the event 5
- of war. And the way this program is designed is that the 6
- Government -- the Secretary of Defense will select 7
- companies. They have an entire unit that goes out --8
- this isn't Mr. Bankoff or Mr. Liebman selecting me. I 9
- had -- I had people come from the Pentagon, from DLA, 10
- from Georgia, Texas, all over the place to make this 11
- 12 decision whether or not I was to be included in this
- program. So by them making that inclusion, the Secretary 13
- of Defense identified me to be maintained and be kept 14
- available. We entered into this program and invested in 15
- this program for the sole reason of not just the one 16
- contract. It was for the entire future. The Industrial 17
- 18 Preparedness, IPP, program -- planning schedules that we
- do are not for this contract. They are for future. 19
- 20 We're always planning for the future.
- O Right. 21
- 22 A And that's why we --
- Q You have articulated that several times. I 23
- believe and well. But now I want us to be a little more 24
- specific about why you think what happened to you on 25

payments. So now I'm frozen in place. Then he decides

- that he's going to say I am unqualified while he then
- ushers Cinpak, who happens to have a higher price than
- me, right into my shoes. Make them the third. Flushed
- me right down the toilet before my contract was even 5
- defaulted. 6
  - Q So you're say then that these actions triggered
- the negative pre-award survey?
  - A Absolutely.
- Q And are you than now saying that is why you 10 11 didn't get MRE-7?
  - A Didn't get MRE-7? Yes.
- Q All right. Now, that's MRE-7. But we are 13
- claiming loss profits for MRE-8, 9, 10, 11, and 12.
- We're going way beyond that. 15
  - A That's right.
    - O Where is our entitlement come from there?
- A There's a nexus between this contract and the 18
- IPP program. Okay, And as this is one but one of one 19
- contract and the way they do this, there's a link. The 20
- solicitation specifically links eligibility to get this 21
- 22 contract with your capability in the IPP program. So,
- therefore, but for their actions, I would be the third 23
- 24 person to be maintained in this program. And this is how
- they have done this. We have a track, a history. Mr. 25

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- MRE-5 was the cause of your entitlement to profits on the
- future contracts. 2

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- A Okay. Once that determination was made and a 3
- contract was issued, but for, all of these things that 4
- was done to me here, but for these things, if they had 5
- been corrected in a timely fashion and we had been 6
- treated fairly. Cinpak would of never been in this . 7
- 8 program. Because they only have enough room for three
- contractor and we were the third contractor. Therefore, 9
- 10 by the Government's action of preventing me from being
- and preventing me from delivering under this contract as 11
- I negotiated and bargained with them for, they precluded 12
- me, bogged me down, and then held my hands while they 13
- allowed Cinpak to come in without the same things that I 14
- 15 had to do. In other words, that's discrimination.
- Q Let me ask you this. What specific actions 17 took away the MRE-7 contract from you?
- A The specific action that took the contract was 18
- 19 Mr. Liebman stopping the -- doing 100 percent
- liquidation, pulling the DD250's back, abandoning --20
- 21 financially abandoning this contract which gave Mr.
- Bankoff rise to try to now change the positive pre-aware 22
- to say, "Let me go and take a look . . . " while he knew 23
- himself that he wasn't giving me GFM. I went and told 24
- him that this guy had suspended payments and froze the

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- Barkowitz, Bankoff here can say that he has had only 1
- 2 three suppliers since Freedom. And it's the same three.
- So the shoes, the number three shoes, the boots of number 3
- three are marching down in the future. Those were my 4
- 5 boots. He took me out of those boots and put Cinpak in
- them. I want those boots back.
  - O Is it clear to you that had these actions not
- been taken in this MRE-5 as we just described, you would
- of been in those shoes?
  - A Absolutely. Absolutely.
- 11 Q Did you not prove that you could perform?
- A Absolutely. We proved that we can perform even 12
- 13 in the face of them not giving me the money that we
- bargained for. 14
  - Q Did you not prove that you were the low bidder?
- 16 A Absolutely. We were the lower offeror.
- 17 Q Did you not prove that had you gotten the
- financial resources that you were supposed to get that 18
- you would of completed this contract? 19
  - A Yes. We did.
- O And had you completed this contract, is there 21
- 22 any doubt in your mind that you would of been the winner
- 23 of MRE-7?
- A Absolutely. We were the winners of the MRE-7. 24
- And it should have been no competition for MRE-7 because 25

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Page 764 Page 762 Q You are aware we're going to put before your 1 of the A16 program. It's an exception to competition. Honor, figures. An amount that we believe we are 2 Q Excuse me. Was there any question that you didn't have the production capability that was required entitled to for loss profits? 3 4 to perform MRE-7, 8, 9, 10, et cetera, et cetera? 4 A Yes. Q Would you explain what the methodology is that 5 A We showed that we had the ability to get the cases out. We got out six. We got out 512,000 cases we're going to use to determine that? 6 7 A We're taking the gross sales value -that they accepted. That showed that I knew how to get 8 the cases out. All we had to do was correct our O Getting back. You were explaining the methodology that you use to calculate your entitlement to 9 production line for problems that Mr. Liebman caused --10 because of us getting the wrong equipment. And for the 10 the loss profit. 11 Government to give me the financial resources that they 11 A We use the gross sales value of the contracts 12 gave everybody else. I was the only contractor that they 12 that was awarded to Cinpak and then multiply that by our 13 refused to give money to. They gave the money to Cinpak profit rate of what we would have made on that. And calculated that we went up to approximately 1991 or 1992 14 on time. Rafco on time. Sopakco on time. And when I 15 told these people what they did to me, they says, "You've 15 when the Government stopped having three plant producers 16 got to be kidding." Everybody laughed at me when I told and only had two plant producers. Then they -- for like 16 17 them this did this. They did this. It seemed like a 17 two years, I think, they had two plant producers. Then circus. 18 18 they brought the third one back on and they've going 19 Q In preparation for this work. Did you buy any 19 three ever since. So we capped it at that point until we 20 additional equipment? 20 can get some, some better information from Mr. Bankoff 21 A Yes. We did. 21 and them, in good faith. I mean, tell us what went on 22 Q What you buy? 22 there because they did maintain and we understand when 23 A What we bought was the -- all the APF equipment 23 they dropped down to two prime contractors they did 24 out of Chicago. We spent and invested more money to pull maintain the third prime contractor doing something else. 25 all that equipment so that we would be the number one But they didn't let -- lose his productive capability so, Page 765 Page 763 supplier. We had the largest plant. Freedom had a therefore, they brought him back on board. So if they 400,000 square foot plant. Sapakco only had a 200,000 2 had limited us for two years then we want to go back to 3 square foot plant. I understand that Fafco had a 100,000 -- from '94 or '93 forward to today. They have three 4 square foot plant plus some off storage. Nobody had a contractors today and we still want to be made whole and 5 400,000 square foot plant. Rafco had, like, two retorts, put back where we should have been had there been no б three retorts, I understand. Two retorts. Southern breech. Packaging has three retorts. And I ended up with six 7 7 MR. STEIGER: I believe that concludes my retorts. Okay. Six because I had two from Zeb Robbins examination of Mr. Thomas. 8 9 in California plus I got the equipment from APF. So not 9 JUDGE JAMES: Parties want to take break before only did we have the Mitsubishi that Randy drove that we 10 10 we give the Government an opportunity to cross examine? 11 purchased. And them we purchased all the APF equipment. 11 MR. STEIGER: I do, yes. 12 We had more productive equipment and the plant and space 12 THE WITNESS: I do. 13 to do exactly what I promised the people at the Secretary 13 JUDGE JAMES: All right. Let's go off the 14 of Defense's office I would do in this program. And I 14 record. was geared to do it except I was stopped by Mr. Bankoff 15 15 CROSS EXAMINATION 16 here in his administration of his contract. 16 JUDGE JAMES: On the record. 17 Q Now was the Government --17 BY MS. HALLAM: 18 JUDGE JAMES: Mr. Steiger, we're repeating 18 Q Mr. Thomas, yesterday you mentioned a meeting 19 considerably of Tuesday's testimony. at which you testified Marvin Liebman told Freedom 20 MR. STEIGER: I'm sorry. industries that it must novae the contract to H.T. Foods. 20 21 JUDGE JAMES: We are repeating considerable 21 Do you recall the date of that meeting? 22 testimony from Tuesday. 22 A It was in, I believe, sometime in February of 23 MR. STEIGER: I will stop. One more question. 23 185.

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Q '85?

A I would say February of '85.

Or one more approach that I want to do.

BY MR. STEJGER:

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- Q And do you recall how Freedom ended -- NY got paid the 399,000 dollars -- 99,111 dollars under Mod. 25?
- A Yes. It got paid because Frank Bankoff told us to submit an invoice.
  - Q Frank Bankoff told you to submit an invoice?
- 6 A Right.

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- 7 Q And you were paid in lump sum?
- 8 A Yes.
- '9 O I'd like you to look at that Mod. It's at 119,
- Government Rule 4, 119, paragraph two. Yesterday you indicated that we insisted that this paragraph be in
- there to get payments back on track or something to that
- i3 effect.

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- A Beg your pardon?
- Q Yesterday you testified, you said, "We," I'm assuming you meant Freedom, "insisted that paragraph two on page 3 of 4, the Mod, be included in the Mod, so that the payments -- the progress payments and perhaps DD250's
- 20 A Right.
  - Q -- Gets back on track. Could you explain to me what you think that paragraph says?
- A Where at the bottom? What I was referring to
  was the reference to the payment clauses. What I had
  said to my representative, Lambert, that we want to make

1 A Yes.

- 2 Q Do you recall being deposed on January 12,
- 3 1989, in connection with the case entitled: Banker's
  - Leasing verses David Lambert?
  - A Yes.
- 6 Q Do you recall when asked where that figure came
- from that your response was, "It came from me." When
- 8 asked, "Where did you take the seven million dollar
- 9 figure from?" You said, "Basically, from the 50 percent
- 10 that the Government at the time was not putting on the
- 11 table." Do you recall that testimony? Do you recall
- 12 that you also said, "We made the cash flow for the
- 13 Government to show them that it was 7.2 million. They
- 14 didn't tell us. We told them this."
  - A That's right.
- 16 Q That's right. It wasn't Bill Stokes that 17 insisted that you write 7,2 million dollars.
- 18 A Yes. It was.
  - Q It was you. That was your testimony back in
- 20 '89. Was not it?
- 21 A You, you're taking that out of context.
  - Q I'll show you the testimony. Maybe you could
- 23 put it in the right context for me.
- 24 A It's not -- I know what I said. I know what I
  - said and we have an exhibit, if you want to take a look

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- sure that the Government, once this thing is done, is now
- 2 obligated to treat us properly under those payment
- clauses including the DD250 clause and the progress
- 4 payment clause. I see it buried in this clause. I'm not
- 5 -- I'm not talking -- if I said that I wrote this
- 6 paragraph, I did not. But these are the things I was
  - pointed to when I was talking to Mr. Lambert. He says,
- 8 "It's in there. It's right here where the Government has
- 9 to pay you pursuant to the progress payment clauses, as
- they exist. Not as Marvin Liebman wanted them." So
- 11 that's what I was talking about as far as that and the
  - I migr 2 what I was ranking about as far as that side
- 12 payment portion of this. Not the rest of it.
- Q All that paragraph simply says is it -- sets forth the mechanism by which Freedom would get paid that
  - Total the medicalism by which records we had got place
- 15 399,111 dollars. Doesn't it?
- 16 A Fine.
- 17 O Isn't that what it does?
- 18 A I believe it does.
- 19 Q The progress payment clauses are already in the
- 20 contract. Aren't they? They were in there before this21 modification.
- 22 A Sure. Yes. They're absolutely there.
- 23 Q Yesterday, I believe, you also testified that
- 24 it was William Stokes that developed the figure of 7.2
- 25 million dollars. Is that correct?

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- 1 at it, where the 7.2 came from.
- 2 O The 7.2 according to your depositions came from
- you. Not the Government. Is that correct?
- A No. According to the way you're listening at
- 5 it, it came from my writing with a meeting with Bill
- 6 Stokes. I wrote it down on the -- on the cash flow
- 7 sheets. When we had a meeting with Bill Stokes. So if
- 8 the rest of that was, "Where did it come from?" It came
- 9 from my writing right here on it. I know where I got it
- 10 from, I know how I --
- 11 JUDGE JAMES: All right let's go back on the
- 12 record.

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- 13 MS. HALLAM: I'd like to approach the witness,
- 14 your Honor.
  - BY MS. HALLAM:
- 16 Q Recognize this as your deposition transcript
- 17 for January 12, of 1989?
  - A I believe it is. I'm not going to say it's
- 19 not. It probably is. I think we gave it to you. Didn't
- 20 we?21 Q Yes. You did.
- 22 A Okay.
  - O Do you -- please refer to page 425.
- 24 A Yes.
  - Q And with regard to your answer to the question,

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 $\boldsymbol{CondenseIt}^{^{TM}}$ Thursday, May 18, 2000 Page 770 Q Well, what did you mean by, "We were never paid "Explain it to me." Review your answer from line 17 to 2 2 back,"? A We was never paid. 3 3 Q You were never paid back. What did you mean by 4 Q Doesn't that specifically state, "We told them. 4 that? The Government did not tell us." 5 A Well, if the word back was that when we A Yes. It does say that. 6 б debited, if you debit and credit, when it was taken from 7 7 Q Says it's based on your cash flows. Is that us it was taken from the back end of our contract. So we correct? 8 gave it to you. Now you going to give it back to us. I A That we need to bring the cash flows out. 9 expect it to be put back on the back end of the contract. 10 Q And it's based on the fact that the difference When you don't let me complete the back end of the 11 between what the Government was paying in progress contract, you never gave it back to me. That's what I payments and the anticipated contract price. Half of 13 mean. 13 that was 7.2 million dollars. Is that correct? 14 Q Okay. So you didn't mean to infer that the 14 A That's correct -- that's what this says. Government somehow didn't pay you a cash payment of 15 Q Okay. Also with regard to Modification 25. 15 16 200,000 dollars. 16 One of the provisions to the Mod. dealt with the A No. No. Not a cash payment. No, it's a debit 17 consideration that had previously been taken for two 17 delivery schedule extensions. Do you recall that and a credit. And that's how it was to be adjusted. So 18 we never got the benefit of that. 19 testimony? 19 Q You're also discussing problems that you 20 A In that, in that particular document? **2**0 21 Q Yes. At Rule 4, tab 119. incurred with the initial startup of your contract 21 22 A Okay. Go ahead. All right. 22 relative to the fact that you didn't have certain 23 Q Recall mentioning several times, testifying 23 equipment in-house at the time? several times to the fact that you were not or Freedom 24 24 A Right. 25 was not paid that 200,000 dollars? Didn't get a dime for 25 Q I believe you indicated that you couldn't Page 771 1 it? perform, well, you couldn't perform intake inspection on GFM and CFM because you didn't have quality control 2 A We didn't. equipment at the time. Do you recall that testimony? 3 Q "You were never paid back," I think was the expression that you used. Isn't it? A Yes, I do. 4 5 A That's what I used. 5 Q What is it that you're required to do on -when GFM or CFM arrives in the plant? 6 Q Well, you never paid it in the first instance, 6 A There's a complete litary of inspection 7 isn't that true? 8 A Was I never -- that I never paid it? 8 criteria called income inspection that we have to do. 9 Q Freedom never paid it. Never wrote a check for From weighing or counting. We have to count millions of 10 it. units. So what we have is a counter that would take one 10 11 A No. We didn't. case. Run it through it. Know how many's there than 11 12 Q The arrangement was that it would come from the multiply that case based on a representative sample and that would tell us how many is that truck. By taking 13 funding of the contract. At the rear end of the 14 contract. various cases out and running through a counter. If I 14 15 A That's right. don't have that counter. I'm accepting something that I 15 · Q Isn't that correct? 16 don't know how many's in there. I have no way of 17 A That's correct, counting but manually one case. So we don't have 17 18 Q Yes. So you were never paid back because you equipment to automatically count or weigh a case to say, 19 never paid it in the first instance. Isn't that correct? well, if one item weighs a gram or two grams and then 20 A No. It's wrong. you've got 200 of these things in there, then that equals 21 Q Now you expected the Government to pay you back so much. Now we can take representative samples of cases. Weigh those cases and determine how much is in for something you never paid? 22 22

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that truckload.

Q The requirements of GFM and CFM is count,

the price.

A No. I expected the Government to let me

complete the contract so I could get that 200,000 back in

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A Count, weight, condition? Yes.

Q And the count that's referred to in this specification, it requires a manual count. Doesn't it?

A Whatever it count -- whatever it is, I'm not up on it right now. It's been 15 years ago. But whatever count it is at the time we were using this method of

counting millions and millions of units of product. 7 Q I'm sorry. I mis-spoke when I said it was 8

count, weight, and condition. It's actually count, .9 condition, and identity. You didn't have to weigh the 10

items when they came in. Is that correct? i I

A What? No. What I said -- weight? In order to get a count you can weigh something and tell how many's 13 there. That's how you count it, by weight.

O I thought you put them through a machine that 15 16 automatically counted it?

A Excuse me?

O I thought you put them through a machine that 18 19 counted it.

20 A I don't have the machine. I told them I was going to get a machine. Now the stuff was coming in and 21

I don't have the thing. That's the problem. We didn't have what we're supposed to have to do this job.

O You also said that you couldn't perform at 24 tinsel strength? 25

A Tinsel strength, right.

O Yes. That's an end item test. Isn't it?

3 A It's also a -- it's also a receipt inspection.

Q It's an end item inspection test. Isn't it?

A It might be yours but I said we had it where if a bag came in, we wanted to make sure before we used it

that we did certain tests on it for our own quality

8 quote. We didn't have it.

Q So you wanted to impose additional inspection

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A On myself, maybe.

Q On yourself. Well, why didn't you impose those 12 additional inspections on yourself when you were having 13 all the problems with your strapping or with your 14

production due to the strapping problem? 15

A We did. 16

Q You didn't have end line inspection at the

time. That's how come you ended up putting so much 18

through that was bad. A No. That's not true.

Q Yes. It is true. You were --21

A You wasn't there. I just told you that's not 22

23 true. You was not there. I was.

O Well, how did it get to the end of the 24

production before it just -- the problem was discovered?

A We were having problems but it wasn't enough to

fail the lot. Okay.

Q The lots failed at the end. Did they not?

A When you say they failed at the end, what do

vou mean?

Q You had, like, 40,000 cases of materials that failed.

A Okay. One day we may have produced 2,000 8

cases. The next day we may have produced 1,000 cases.

What I said was, over the period of the start up to where 10

they finally came online, is the period of time we're 11

talking about. Now we did have in our own in-line 12

inspection. That's part of our problem that we had with 13

AVI. Is that they stood there in certain instances and

knew -- they was in the building knowing that we was

running production and knowing that our so-called 16

untrained quality control inspectors was handling 17

Government furnished material and they didn't step up to 18

the plate. They walked away and said because over here 19

you don't have that -- we're not doing it. 20

JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Let's go off the record. 21

22 (Off the record.)

JUDGE JAMES: We're now on the record. 23

BY MS. HALLAM:

O Mr. Thomas, do you recall your testimony with

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regard to the side agreement? Specifically, with regard

to what the priority Freedom had placed on those four different conditions of the side agreement. Essentially, 3

do you recall saying that you don't know where it came

from. That the Government had the impression that it was

very important that you get a follow-on contract.

A No. I don't.

Q You don't recall testifying about that 8

yesterday? 9

10 A I'm sorry. Say it again.

O You don't recall testifying with regard to the 11

fact that Freedom was not that concerned about getting a 12

follow-on contract that it wasn't the primary purpose of 13

14 that side agreement?

A No. I think, no, I don't.

O Well, was it very important to Freedom to get a 16

17 follow-on contract?

A Of course, we wanted a follow-on contract.

O No. Was it very important though? You needed 19

a follow-on contract. Isn't that correct? 20

A Yes. We wanted this follow-on contract.

O You needed a follow-on contract to survive. Is 22

23 that not correct?

24 A Of course, it is.

Q And that was the primary focus of that side

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1	agreement. Was it not? To get the MRE-7.	1	progress, after progress payment number 15. It's a
2	A That was part of it, Yes.	2	separate tab. Entitled Mod. 25 payment.
3	Q Was the primary goal of Freedom in putting	3	THE WITNESS: Got it.
4	together that side agreement was to get a follow-on on	4	BY MR. LUCHANSKY:
5	the MRE-7? Is that correct?	5	Q It's a Bate stamp number 03985. Would you take
6	A I think the primary was to get an understanding	6	a look at those three pages behind the Mod. 25 payment
7	of our understanding.	7	tab?
8	Q I'm sorry. I didn't hear that.	8	A Right.
9	A I think the it was to get an understanding	9	Q And identify what those are.
10	with them of what our understanding the actions were	10	A That one is the invoice. The other I'm
11	going to be taken by the Government to make sure and	11	sorry. The first one is the check. The actual check
12	assure that we get a follow-on contract and a guaranteed	12	that came on June 13. The other one is the invoice, FNY
13	loan.	13	1017, the actual Freedom invoice. And the other is the
14	Q Mr. Thomas, do you remember your testimony from	14	advice of payment from the Government.
i5	the previous hearing, the one relative to the TD?	15	Q And the date of Mod. 25 was May 29, 1986.
16	A I don't remember.	16	A Yes.
17	Q This is transcript number 5, page 250.	17	Q And you invoice for this 399,000 on June 3,
18	Response to a question, "Mr. Thomas, can you describe	18	1986.
19	what Freedom sought in those negotiations with DLA?"	19	A Right.
20	Your response is, "Yes. The same thing that I told Frank	20	Q And you received a check for that amount on
21	Bankoff I wanted was I wanted a guarantee that we'd	21	June 13, 1986.
22	get a follow-on contract."	22	A Right.
23	A Okay.	23	Q Did Mr. Bankoff give you any reason why this
24	Q That's what you testified to there.	24	action couldn't have been taken 10 or 11 months earlier
25	A Okay.	25	when he first came on board as PCO?
$\vdash$	······································		Page 781.
1	Page 779  Q As a matter of fact, thumbing through the next	<b> </b>   1	A No.
2	ten pages of testimony you mentioned the importance of a		Q Mr. Thomas, I'm going to ask you to take a look
3	guarantee of that follow-on contract at least a half	2	at FT 47a.
4	dozen times. Didn't you?	3	ľ
5	A Probably did.	4	A FT?
Ι.		5	Q Forty-seven A.
6	MS. HALLAM: No further right now.	6	A Yes. Okay.
	JUDGE JAMES: Does the Appellants have any	7	Q You have that Mr. Thomas?
8	redirect examination?	8	A Yes. I do.
9	MR. STEIGER: Yes. Your Honor.	9	Q This is the your Freedom's cost proposal
$\frac{10}{11}$	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	10	dated August 2, 1984, together with the cash flow
	BY MR. LUCHANSKY:	11	statements that supported that proposal.
12	Q Mr. Thomas, Ms. Hallam asked you about Mod. 25	12	A Yes.
13	and the payments of 399,111 dollars, how in fact was that	13	Q These cash flow statements are in Pat Marra's
14 15	payment handled by Mr. Bankoff?  A It was we were instructed to submit an	14	handwriting. Is that right?
		15	A Yes. You have to look
16	invoice, just a plain invoice to Marvin Liebman. And it	16	Q Okay. Just the general basic overall cash flow
17	was paid.	17	statements. Correct?
18	Q I'm going to refer you to FT 422. The progress	18	A Yes.
19	payment exhibit under the Mod. 25 payment tab.	19	Q These were prepared by Pat Marra?
20	A Four hundred twenty-two?	20	A Yes. They were.
21	Q Yes. FT 422, in the first volume. I'm sorry,	21	Q And they were prepared in connection with
22	under the in the second volume of 422.	22	laying out the August 2 price proposals. Perhaps, I
23	JUDGE JAMES: You have a particular payment	23	don't remember whether it was in July proposal or the
24	number in mind?	24	second.
25	MR. LUCHANSKY: Yes. Your Honor. After	25	A Yes. For that price of \$34.

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- Q That price of \$34.81. If you look at the, ; 1
- well, looking at these cash flows, are these the cash , 2
- flows that you took to Bill Stokes when you sat down and 3
- met with him?
- 5 A Yes. It is.
- Q And did you lay all these cash flows out in 6
- front of him. Say, "Okay Mr. Stokes, you wanted cash
- flows. You wanted to see how things are working. Here
- وا they are."
- A Right. 10
- Q Now, if you look at the cash flow on 00654. 11
- That first cash flow statement.
- 13 A Right.
  - Q Is any of this information in your handwriting?
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- Q Can you describe where your handwritten 16
- 17 information is?
- A In the corner of 00645 and we have the 18
- 19 originals --
- Q In the bottom, right-hand corner? 20
  - A Yes. The bottom right hand corner. That's
- mine. I added that to this document at the meeting. 22
- 23 Q In the information that Mr. Marra had prepared
- and you've added that information, you said, during that 24
- meeting with Mr. Stokes.

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- A With Mr. Stokes. Right.
- O In the information that Mr. Marra had prepared and it was on these cash flows going into the meeting with Mr. Stokes.
- : 5 A Right.
  - Q Is there information on how much financing
- Freedom thought it would need? Based upon this price
- proposal and based upon the terms, at that point, L-4
- being at 50 percent.
- A Yes. 10
  - Q Where in the cash flows does it show Freedom's number for financing?
- A Go to 00646, go down to -- it's a bad copy but 13
- on there you will see it says, fixed assets, progress 14
- payment repaid, financing fixed assets, working capital.
- Under working capital --16
- O Just make sure we're all in the same place. On 17
- Bate stamp 0646, that's the spread sheet entitled July
- 31, 1984, Best and Final? 19
  - A Yes.
  - O And then you're looking in the column all the
- 22 way in the left-hand side with the --
  - A Right, I'm running down --
- Q Description of the line item. 24
  - A -- With the heading column, right.

- Q And you're going down to the line item that 1
- says, Financing Fixed Assets, Working Capital --
  - A Working Capital is the line I want.
  - O Okay.
- A On that line --5
  - Q Go on.
  - A On that line of Working Capital, if you follow
- it across we have 5.8 million dollars as a result of
  - progress payments being kept at 9 million dollars.
- Q And that means that the L-4 clause at this 10 point in the negotiations still said 9 million or 50 11
- percent --12
- 13 A Right.
  - Q Or nine million, the lower of nine million or
- 50 percent. 15
- A Fifty percent of the contract price or nine 16
- 17 million which ever is lesser.
- O And nine million was lesser at that time. 18
- A Nine million was the lesser of the -- of the 21 19
- 20 million dollars.
- Q Okay, so based upon the \$34.81 price that was 21
- proposed and the nine million dollar cap on progress
- payments, Freedom indicated this need for financing of a
- total to cover the entire performance of this contract at
- 25 this figure 5.87 --

- A That's -- Pat Marra put 5.8 million dollars and
- that's what we went in and I told that to Bill Stokes.
- O Now if you can describe, please. Explain what
- the information is, turning back one page. Well,
- describe what conversation you had with Mr. Stokes about
- that information. 6
  - A Bill Stokes says to me that, "We've calculated it wrong." And that --
- 9
  - Q I'm sorry. We meaning, you or Freedom.
  - A That Freedom. Freedom has calculated it wrong.
  - And that what he wants to do is to see what the amount of
- money needed after denied -- after the Government give us
- the first nine million dollars then the back end of the 13
- 14 contract was what we had to finance. Had to show him how
  - we were going to finance it before he would approve these
- cash flows to go forth further. 16
  - Q Is that when you had the discussion with him
- about your understanding that the L-4 level could be 18
- increased if all you needed to do was submit cash flows 19
- to the PCO and explain -- demonstrate your need for the 20
  - increase? Is that when you discussed those, Mr. Stokes?
- A That's when -- yes. I told Mr. Stokes that we 22
- believed that --23
- 24 O I believe --
  - A Yes, That's when,

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1	Q Okay. You described before the discussion	1	to make any sense. Because you're proposal was under
2	But it's at that point that you had the discussion with	2	discussion was for 21.593 million. Correct?
3	him.	3	THE WITNESS: Right.
4	A Yes. That's when I had the discussion.	4	ллове James: so, when you start with 19
5	Q And it's at that point that he responded as you	5	million or whatever this number is you just testified to,
6	described in your earlier testimony. "I don't care about	6	that's already taken out profit hasn't it?
7	that. All I know is this is the level"	7	THE WITNESS: All I'm saying your Honor, is
8	A This is what he wanted to prove us.	8	what the man told me I had to do in order to get him
9	Q "And this is what we're going to calculate the	9	satisfied to go to the next step.
10	figure on."	10	JUDGE JAMES: Nineteen point six is a cost
11	A Right.	11	number, is that right?
12	Q And by this level he meant nine million	12	THE WITNESS: We know that. I know that's a
13	dollars. What he was construing as a cap on progress	13	cost.
14	payments.	14	JUDGE JAMES: And are you testifying that he
15	A Right.	15	subtracted more profit out of cost?
16	Q Okay. Did Mr. Stokes then walk you through	16	THE WITNESS: What he did was this is his
17	what he considered to be the appropriate calculation?	17	this is exactly what I wrote down. I can't change. This
18	A The appropriate formula was what I wrote down	18	is what he told me to do. Yes. That's what I'm telling
19	right here.	19	you.
20	Q Well, tell tell me what Mr. Stokes then said	20	JUDGE JAMES: I'm just trying to understand it.
21	in terms of responding to your pointing out to him, "We	21	Go ahead Mr. Luchansky.
22	think the figure based upon \$34.81 a case and a nine	22	MR. LUCHANSKY: Thank you.
23	million-dollar cap on progress payments is the 5.7	23	BY MR. LUCHANSKY:
24	5.8." What did he now tell you?	24	Q You said that he's the one that provided you
25	A He told us he gave me the formula and I sat	25	with the formula. By formula do you mean a description
	Page 787		Page 789
1	there and wrote it down and we together calculated, came	1	of the steps that he that you just described how to
2	up with this number.	2	arrive at the figure?
3	Q Okay. And this number, you're talking about	3	A This is how we arrived at it. He said right
4	the information at the bottom right-hand corner?	4	there and walked me through it.
5	A lt says, "Need 7,158,221." Based on his cap	5	Q Listen. I'm sorry. I have to ask you to
6	formula of how he does it.	6	listen very carefully. You said he gave you the formula
7	Q Okay. So do you remember what that formula	7	for determining the amount of financing that Freedom
8	was?	8	would need. By formula did you mean what you just
9	A Yes. It's right here.	9	described which is he told you, "Look to calculate it
10	Q Well, can you describe what formula he's given	10	you've got to take out the profit. Apply 95 percent."
11	you.	11	Is that what he told you? And then is that what he
12	A Sure. He says, "You take 19,000,006 which	12	told you? That was his description? That's what you
13	happens to be a total cost. You multiply the cost times	13	meant by formula?
14	95 percent and you come up with 18,000,006. That's what	14	A Yes. This is the formula.
15	the Government is that's how you arrive at that.	15	Q But did he actually give you who actually
16	Q Go on.	16	calculated the numbers based on that formula?
17	A Then you take the 50 percent ceiling on	17	A As he was talking to me I was writing this
18	progress payments of nine million, you minus that out of	18	down. He and I did this together. That's where this
19	it. Which leaves you 9.6 million. You then take your	19	came from.
20	profit out which we had our profit at 1,948,143 subtract	20	Q Who actually did the calculations?
21	that. That came to 7,000,007. He says, "Okay. Now take	21	A I wrote it down as he told me the formula. He
22	out your depreciation." The depreciation at that point	22	told me what to write and I wrote it and that's how I did
23	was 555,000. I minus that out. He says, "That's what	23	it. And he said, "This is what I want to see."
24	you need. That's what I want to see."	24	Q And as you wrote down, for example, 19,644,000
25	JUDGE JAMES: Oh, Mr. Thomas that doesn't seem	25	and then he would say and then multiply that by 95
	796 Day 700		

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take?

your cases?

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A By 95 percent and I did that. And then he sa	aid
minus the nine million. I minus the nine million.	I did
exactly as what he told me to do.	

4 JUDGE JAMES: So the numbers came from Mr.

5 Stokes. Is that your testimony?

THE WITNESS: Absolutely. Mr. Stokes -- I

7 wrote down what he told me to, Sir.

8 JUDGE JAMES: But you wrote them down.

9 THE WITNESS: I wrote them down.

10 JUDGE JAMES: Okay. I got it.

11 BY MR. LUCHANSKY:

12 Q Mr. Thomas, Ms. Hallam asked you about the 13 30,000 cases and the problem with the AVI inspection.

Those 30,000 cases, were those the first cases that

15 Freedom had ever produced?

A Yes. It is.

Q How much experience had Freedom's employees had at that point? At actually inspecting cases?

A That was it. This was the training ground. We never had all the components together at one time until you start. This is it. This is the beginning.

Q Did Freedom put inspector in place on the line to do their best at performing inspection as these cases were produced?

A Absolutely. The PtJ, Plant Food Inspection

1 A I'd say when we realized that we were not 2 clearly understanding, I guess, some of the -- how it was

done, AVI then said, "We will train your line leaders."

Or "We will show you what all this means."

Q And was that after the misunderstanding -AVI's misunderstanding as to where they were supposed to
inspect. Was that later after that problem had been
resolved?

resolved?

A Yes. That's how we corrected it. In other

words, we saw one way. They saw another way.
 Q And after AVI was told that they were wrong and

that they weren't supposed to be inspecting your lots
after the entire pallet had been capped and strapped but

14 rather they were supposed to do line inspections breaking

out individual cases after they had been strapped. Once they resumed that, you said it took three days for them

17 to identify the problems that had lead to many of those

18 30,000 cases being rejected?

A Took us three days.

Q Took you three days based upon their --

21 A Three production days to turn it around and go

22 from 90 percent default or rejects to 100 percent

23 acceptance.

Q Based upon the suggestions they made once they started inspecting the cases again.

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Job, calls for that. It's approved by the Government.

Q And to the best of Freedom's ability, well, did Freedom do it's best to make sure those cases were inspected properly?

A Yes. We did.

Q Did Freedom reject some of those cases?

A We found defects and we was correcting it.

8 Except that we -- certain defects we didn't know what to

look -- we probably didn't know what to look for. At

10 least they didn't know what to look for. Maybe it got

11 past them.

Q Did the AVI inspectors provide Freedom's people during these three weeks when there was confusion about where AVI was suppose to inspect whether it was the

15 capping strap pallet or what turned out to be correct

16 which is each case after that's sealed? Did any AVI

17 inspector assist Freedom's inspectors and say, "Well,

look even we're not doing inspection yet because you

don't have cap and strap pallets but here's how to do it or let me recommend this. Any suggestions?

21 A None

Q Later in the contract, did Freedom obtain some additional training?

24 A Yes.

Q Approximately when did that happen?

A Absolutely. Once they -- yes, knew something that we didn't know.

Q And each time they would identify a problem
 that led to a failed inspection, what action would you

6 A We would then go back to the line and correct 7 it.

Q Does the record reflect this sudden and - well, this sudden and stark change from failure
 introduction rate to virtually complete acceptance of

12 A Yes. It's sure. It's somewhere in the record 13 there.

Q Are those found in the plant visit reports?

15 A I don't -- I'm not too sure if it's -- it's 16 attached to something but it's -- one that with the 17 schedule look for is in the record.

18 MR. LUCHANSKY: Okay. That's all I have, your19 Honor.

JUDGE JAMES: Any recross by the Government?MS. HALLAM: No. Your Honor.

22 JUDGE JAMES: Mr. Thomas, in your testimony

you've described numerous instances after the contract
 was awarded and after your company started submitting

25 progress payment requests to the Government where the

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FREEDOM NY

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    payment didn't come for days and weeks and months. And
    much, if not all of that problem you attributed to the
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    ACO.
           THE WITNESS: That's right.
           JUDGE JAMES: Because of his interpretation of
б
    payment provisions --
           THE WITNESS: Right.
8
           JUDGE JAMES: -- Compared with your company's
9
    interpretation of the payment provisions. Right?
10
           THE WITNESS: Right.
           JUDGE JAMES: And it is fair to say that by the
12
    time you got to Mod. 25 in May of '86, that this Mod. in
13
    affect unscrambled the interpretations of the payment
14
    provision said this is how you're going to do it.
15
           THE WITNESS: I believe that the -- not I'd say
                                                                  15
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    unscramble because it was always there for him to do it.
17
    We felt that by signing this Mod. we'd put enough focus
    on it to -- for everybody to understand that we have to
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JUDGE JAMES: Well, now my question then is, if you have months of stalled progress payments because of Mr. Liebman's interpretations and so for and so on, on which occasions did you the company attempt to resolve the differences in views between yourself and Mr. Liebman

get paid according to these terms of it. And that's what

we was hoping would happen, but it didn't.

payment that was?

THE WITNESS: It had to be either around eight or nine. It was -- because seven was -- five, six, and seven everything was stalled. And they only paid us 1.9 out of 2.9 million dollars that we would do. But it's right in there were all of the sudden DCAA in it's audit reports has all the sudden changing. The only thing I did to solve the problem that I did not want to do was to back out the cost that we had agreed to would be direct cost.

JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Now as a result of my questions to the witness do you the Appellant have any further things you want to ask raised by my question?

MR. LUCHANSKY: Yes. Your Honor.

JUDGE JAMES: Go right ahead.

FURTHER REDIRECT

BY MR. LUCHANSKY:

Q Mr. Thomas, the Judge asked you about Mod. 25 and it's affect on resolving some of the progress payment issues. Did Mod. 25 resolve the progress pay -- resolve the progress payment issues that occurred after Mod. 25?

A No. No. It didn't.

Q Were there still progress payment reductions and -- well, reductions that Mr. Liebman was imposing after Mod. 25?

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with the PCO or any other higher authority in the Government?

THE WITNESS: On numerous occasions. There was more meetings on this contract that --

JUDGE JAMES: On just this subject. I'm interested in.

THE WITNESS: On this subject, we met -there's D and F's in the record where we went to Frank Bankoff. We went to Philadelphia. We went to DLA headquarters. We had big meetings on this. We went -in Washington they brought DCAA in from Washington because we were saying even DCAA saying things that were

13 inconsistent. And they sent an auditor up from --14 JUDGE JAMES: Wait a second. You got a 15 problem? Go ahead, Mr. Thomas.

THE WITNESS: They sent an auditor named Frank Summer and it's in one of the -- the record here. Where they sent him to New York to see if what we say was true.

As a result of that meeting that Mr. Summer from DCA come 20 up and looked at our books and records, he told DCA New

21 York, "Cut the crap out." The next -- the very next progress payment all of the sudden Freedom's accounting

23 system was miraculously changed. It was okay. And

24 things were now going the way.

JUDGE JAMES: Do you recall what progress

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A He continued right away. And one of the things I'd to just point out, is that he was imposing a loss ratio on us. Before -- because the cases was down to 13 million. And then when Mod. 25 we thought was putting us back at a traffic level of at least break even level. He turns around and he imposes right after that ceiling was raised back to 17 million, he does the same loss. What did I just settle here? What are we doing? So we wrote him a letter telling him that. He ignored us. We realize that --Q That was the next question I was going to ask.

Is that you'd summarized briefly a number of complaints that you made, efforts that you made with Government officials, PCO, DLA, Washington headquarters, Washington, DCAA to try and resolve this problem? Many of those meetings happened before Mod. 25, right?

A Yes.

Q From the time progress payment problem started you started to complaining to people.

Q Did you continue to complain or try to resolve the progress payment issue with the PCO and other Government agents after Mod. 25?

A Yes.

Q Were you -- well, the record speaks for it's

KEEDUM N 1 COMO	_	D 000
Page 798		Page 800
self. You weren't able to get those resolved.	1	A About 20 something buildings in Manhattan that
	2	I made into loft buildings in the '70s and '80s. And
3 successful.	3	commercial buildings and then in the '80s I owned a
	4	number of the biggest buildings in the burrows of New
JUDGE JAMES: Does the Government have any	5	York. Some of the biggest buildings for industrial
6 further questions?	6	purposes and loft buildings. And one of the was the
7 MS. HALLAM: No.	7	Grastidies building in the Bronx and I've done a number
8 JUDGE JAMES: Thank you ever so much, Mr.	8	in twice I've done redevelopment of downtown
	9	Pittsburgh. And steel mills there and office buildings.
	10	Q What periods of time are those to investments
1 THE WITNESS: Thank you.	11	in the Pittsburgh area?
2 JUDGE JAMES: Now we have another witness you	12	A Mid '80s and late '80s.
3 want to call?	13	Q Could you estimate for the Board,
	14	approximately, what you are net worth might have been
5 witnesses we had I put on call for after lunch.	15	during the early to mid '80s?
6 Expecting that this morning's work would get us to lunch.	16	A I don't want to do that. I'd rather not do
7 So if it's okay with the Government and with the court,	17	that. It's in the millions of dollars.
8 with the Board, if we could adjourn now and I'll call the	18	Q In the millions of dollars.
9 witnesses. Have them here after lunch. I told them to	19	A Yes.
0 be ready at one o'clock. So if we could say one o'clock	20	Q Okay. Can you please describe how you met
that would be consistent with what I told my witnesses.	21	Henry Thomas?
2 JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Let's go off the record.	22	A I owned the Grastidies building. I purchased
(Whereupon, the hearing was recessed, to	23	it from the Grastidies Company which was a very large
4 reconvene later this same day.)	24	food company supermarket company and I bought it.
5	25	They were taken over by the Southland Corporation which
Page 799		Page 801
1 AFTERNOON SESSION	1	was a very large company. They owned 7-Eleven and I
2 JUDGE JAMES: On the record.	2	bought it from Southland. He was on the airplane. The
3 Whereupon,	3	head of Southland, and I bought it in an hour. That's my
4 RICHARD PENZER,	4	trade mark. I buy things for cash. And I made quick
5 having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified	5	deals and I bought it. Then I put it up for rent and a
6 as follows:	6	firm called Shalemzukabrox, which was a brokerage
7 JUDGE JAMES: Please be seated. What I'd like	7	concern, brought Henry to see it.
8 you to do, Sir, is state for the record your full name,	8	Q Okay. Do you remember Mr. Thomas was looking
9 spell your last name, and give us your address.	9	for looking to lease a building?
0 THE WITNESS: Richard Penzer, P-e-n-z-e-r. 70	10	A He was in the food business in the Bronx and
	self. You weren't able to get those resolved.  A Yes. It speaks for itself. No. We weren't successful.  Q That's all I have.  JUDGE JAMES: Does the Government have any further questions?  MS. HALLAM: No.  JUDGE JAMES: Thank you ever so much, Mr.  Thomas, for your testimony. You may step down from the witness stand.  THE WITNESS: Thank you.  JUDGE JAMES: Now we have another witness you want to call?  MR. LUCHANSKY: Well, your Honor, the other witnesses we had I put on call for after lunch.  Expecting that this morning's work would get us to lunch.  So if it's okay with the Government and with the court, with the Board, if we could adjourn now and I'll call the witnesses. Have them here after lunch. I told them to be ready at one o'clock. So if we could say one o'clock that would be consistent with what I told my witnesses.  JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Let's go off the record.  (Whereupon, the hearing was recessed, to reconvene later this same day.)  Page 799  AFTERNOON SESSION  JUDGE JAMES: On the record.  Whereupon,  RICHARD PENZER,  having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:  JUDGE JAMES: Please be seated. What I'd like you to do, Sir, is state for the record your full name, spell your last name, and give us your address.	A Yes. It speaks for itself. No. We weren't successful.  Q That's all I have. JUDGE JAMES: Does the Government have any further questions?  MS. HALLAM: No. JUDGE JAMES: Thank you ever so much, Mr.  Thomas, for your testimony. You may step down from the witness stand.  THE WITNESS: Thank you. JUDGE JAMES: Now we have another witness you want to call?  MR. LUCHANSKY: Well, your Honor, the other witnesses we had I put on call for after lunch.  Expecting that this morning's work would get us to lunch.  So if it's okay with the Government and with the court, with the Board, if we could adjourn now and I'll call the witnesses. Have them here after lunch. I told them to be ready at one o'clock. So if we could say one o'clock that would be consistent with what I told my witnesses.  JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Let's go off the record. (Whereupon, the hearing was recessed, to reconvene later this same day.)  Page 799  AFTERNOON SESSION JUDGE JAMES: On the record. Whereupon, RICHARD PENZER, having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows: JUDGE JAMES: Please be seated. What I'd like you to do, Sir, is state for the record your full name, spell your last name, and give us your address.

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THE WITNESS: Richard Penzer, P-e-n-z-e-r. 70 Burton, B-u-r-the-o-n. Avenue, Whitmire, New York.

10 12 11598.

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUCHANSKY:

Q Mr. Penzer, can you tell the Board what line of 15 16 work you're in.

17 A I'm a real estate developer, office and industrial buildings.

Q You reasonably success?

A I'm pretty successful,

Q Okay. Could you describe for the Board,

briefly, just some of the real estate holdings that you 22

developed and held throughout the '70s and '80s? Just a

24 brief summary of some of the projects you were involved

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A He was in the food business in the Bronx and this was a very well known building because you don't get one story, 400,000 plus refrigerated, freezer buildings with shelving and fork lifts and -- they're very rare commodities. Q And he was looking for that type of building because --A He needed it for his Government -- pending Government contract.

Q Okay. What did Mr. Thomas tell you about the contract at that time when he was looking to lease this space? A He said he was going to make rations for the

Government. I paid cash for the building so I'm a very skeptical -- I'm always very skeptical until somebody -shows me what's going to be and he said he was going to

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1 produce rations, these MRE's. Packaged for the

- 2 Government. So I'm fine with it then he could produce
- 3 the rentals and I then put my people on. And I spoke to
- 4 the Government officials many times.
- 5 Q What was your purpose -- what was the reason
- you called up these Government officials? First of all,where did you call these Government officials? You
- 8 probably don't remember who they are but do you remember
- 9 where you called? What city you called to speak to them?
- 10 A I can't recall right now. I think they were in
  - Philadelphia and Washington but I spoke to a few people
- 12 they were colonels and generals and what not and they
- 13 were telling me how important this is for the Government.
- 14 I'm a proud American and I'm happy to be doing things for
- 15 the Government but I still had to see that the rent would
- 16 be paid. You're dealing with a 400,000 foot building.
- 17 The taxes and the guard services and everything that goes
- 18 with it. You're dealing with a lot of money per year.
- 19 It's a very expensive building. So I had to check in.
- 20 Which I did, constantly. I'm not a sloppy person. I
- 21 check and check and check until I was assured that this
- 22 was a valid contract.

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- Q And financially what kind of assurances did you
- receive from the Government?
  - A They said they would be paying every month his

1 terms. Three dollars per square foot, net lease.

A Well, it's rent for 400 -- I think 410,000 feet

something like that. It's going back 15 years but, say

it's 400,000 feet for quick. It's a -- it's a million

two plus. Plus all expenses.

Q Until the extra expenses -- what you discussed before the guard services and utilities and those other things?

A Right. Electric and gas and everything.

Q Now you said that based upon that your confirmation -- these calls you made to the Government you were willing to lease the facility to Mr. Thomas. At that time, did Mr. Thomas also discuss with you asking in

14 general whether you might be interested to provide

15 additional financing if he should need it?

A I don't think we discussed it right in the beginning. Because it was easy to rent it to him with the Government's backing at that. So why should I provide any extra financing?

Q Okay.

A There was no necessity at that point.

Q Okay. If you had considered it at the time,

23 would you have been willing to provide additional

24 financing for either -- if Mr. Thomas needed production

25 equipment or if he needed additional working capital.

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rental, basically. Not -- I wouldn't of rented it to

2 Henry Thomas as Henry Thomas because I don't think he had

3 the greatest record. He was being sued in -- somehow for

4 his previous endeavor in the Bronx. It was another --

- Q Was that the Hunt's Point plant?
- A Yes. The Hunt's Point plant. So the
- 7 Government told me how important this is and that they
- 8 would be making progress payments every month and I would
- 9 receive my check regularly, monthly. And that they would
- 10 be picking up the guard -- it was a net, not lease. And
- 11 they would pick up the expanses. Guard services,
- 12 everything, Electric.
  - Q And did that satisfy you that the payments were sufficiently secured to lease the building to Mr. Thomas?
  - A I wouldn't have rented it if I thought it was
  - to Mr. Thomas. I rented because I knew it was the U.S.
  - government. It was -- he was renting the whole building.
- 18 It wasn't as if I was breaking it up and I was taking a
- 19 chance on maybe him renting 10,000 feet. This was
- 20 400.000 plus feet.
- Q Do you remember how much the rent was that you
- rented it for? Approximately.
   A I think it was something three something for
- 24 a net. Three something a foot net.
- Q So what does that mean in -- that's real estate

Page 805
Would you consider -- would you of considered loaning

2 that to him at the time?

3 A That happened later on. It wasn't -- it wasn't

4 when I signed the lease. He came to me and I've done

this many times. I've done it from the biggest companies

6 in America. You'd be surprised how many times companies

7 come to the landlord to ask them to give them computer

8 systems or to build out computer rooms for them or to

9 lend them money at favorable terms or a host of things

10 I've done over the years for the smallest companies to

11 the biggest companies. So when Henry had some problems

12 with the U. S. government, I remember they needed -- he

13 needed loans for equipment and such. So I said I would

14 give him loans under the proper circumstances and having

15 the proper guarantees and what nots. And having UCC's on

and proper guarantees and what related the transfer of the

16 the equipment and whatever. I would give him money under

17 the right circumstances for improvement. And this is

18 done many times in order to the -- look, you have a

19 tenant there that's paying a million two -- let's just

20 use that number for a minute. A million two in real

21 estate terms and it stays pretty much constant.

22 Sometimes it's a little higher, sometimes it's a little

23 lower but you figure about, in commercial real estate,

24 ten times. The building is worth ten times its net

25 rental. So that equates to 12 million.

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Q Why do you multiply by ten? That's --

A A ten is a good -- people usually pay that. 2

Ten times rent roll. Net rent roll. 3

O And at least for that ten years is average at

5 least --A U.S. government lease is worth more but let's 6 say -- let's say you're a guy building a post office for the Government. You expect a certain return. A little 8 better than a bond would give you. A little -- you know. 9 But let's say you use the ten times number it's an easy 10 way to figure. So ten times a number of a million two 11 per year which is my net rent roll makes the building 12 worth approximately 12 million dollars. I think I paid 13 about three and a half million dollars for that building. 14

Cash. What I offered to do at the time because he was having some problems and I saw an opportunity there. You always -- if you see that opportunity you grab it to get more money on the building what would have been the difference if I lent him a million, two million, three million dollars on a piece of equipment or a bunch of pieces of equipment or whatever it was for took an interest in that equipment having increased his rent roll, that was occurring at the time.

Q Okay,

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A And then -- you want me to continue or --

Q Well, let me ask you a specific question. If I understand correctly --

A By the way that makes the building worth a lot more, too. In addition to getting interest on your

money, which I was talking to Henry, by getting pretty 6

high interest rates on my money and having good security. . 7

I would have made the building worth more because I would 8

9 have gotten higher rental. I would of changed his lease. He was wiling to change his lease and pay me more rental. 10

Q Okay. So for these reasons, lending money to Mr. Thomas no circumstances would of made financial sense 12

13 for you? A I've done it for a lot of companies and I was 14 15 willing to do it for Henry. I've done it for companies 16 that -- in Pittsburgh I must have done it for dozen big

name companies from P and Z Bank to GMC Corporation. 17 I've done it in New York a lot. I've lent on -- when

people needed money to buy stock, big companies I've lent 19

20 them. You always lend your tenant for build out and for improvements.

21 22 Q Now at the time that Mr. Thomas approached you 23 about lending some additional money, you mentioned that

24 was a time he was having some problems with the

Government. Do you remember what the nature of those

problems was?

A It was -- I remember perfectly because I was up

there. I must have been up there three dozen times

because I --

O Up there meaning?

A -- To his plant. I keep an eye on my money and 6 he would owe me money so I'd constantly go up there and I'd call it berate him for my money.

Q Okay. And what was his response?

A Because I'm supposed to have spoken to the 10 Government and they assured me they'd be Government 11

checks all the time for my money. He was -- his response 12

was that the Government was not giving it to him on time. 13

And I would make constant calls to the Government, too, 14

to Mr. Liebman. And the people working for me would call 15

Mary Liebman. And so --16

Q And that's -- that's what I'd like to ask you 17 about. Now before I do Mr. Thomas said that you told Mr. 18

Thomas, "I need my money. I'm not getting paid." At 19

that point, although you obviously, you wanted to get 20

paid, were you willing to carry those costs and basically 21

-- carry those costs for Mr. -- you did not evict Mr. 22

23 Thomas at that point.

A Well, you're not willing to carry something 24

indefinitely but if you think it's the U. S. government 25

Page 809

and it's rations they've needed and they've told you it's coming and they have hundreds of people working down

there getting paid by the Government and they're assuring

you the pay you're carrying for certain amount of time --

ultimately, I did become frustrated and I sold the

building that was worth a lot more for a lot less because

I couldn't take it anymore. And your --

Q Let's move on now to you said, started to discuss your efforts now to speak with Mr. Liebman about these payments. At that point, had Mr. Thomas now come to you and asked you for some additional financing in addition to what you were carrying for the rent security, guards, and that -- those expenses.

A I was carrying taxes, security guard, all -- a lot of things. Yes. He did come to me and ask me for money. Additional monies.

Q Okay. And at that point, what did you do to try to verify whether the money was going to be coming? You said you --

A This was a daily activity. You might own a 20 hundred buildings but most of them are bringing money. 21

It's not hard to 22 23

rent commercial buildings. If you have a problem child you devote your efforts to it. I would call constantly 24

25 Mary Liebman and try to work things out with him.

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Page 810

O Okav. So --

- A He was my mayor at that time I was working
- 3 with.

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- 4 Q Tell about your phone calls to Mr. Liebman.
- 5 What did you tell Mr. Liebman? And what did he tell you?
  - A That we needed the money for the rental and what not or we're going to throw them out. You can't
- 8 allow this to keep going on. He kept assuring me it's
- 9 coming in. Then we had the problems with lending Henry
- 10 money. I said I would lend him money under the right
- 11 circumstances if I had security and the equipment or
- 12 whatever he needed it for. And I had additional rentals
- 13 which we worked out or, you know, the interest rates
- 14 would be worked out. Ultimately, it came to -- he kept
- telling me, "We can't have a private person lending money 15
- 16 here in this case." I don't why he kept trying to talk
- 17 to -- I said if it was the Rothschild bank that's a
- 18 private entity. What's the difference were the -- it's
- 19
- U. S. dollars. I'm willing to give it to him. He 20 wouldn't accept it.
  - Q If he wasn't willing to accept a private person did he tell you what it was that he was looking for?
- 23 A He wanted a bank.
- 24 Q. Did he --
- 25 A He kept insisting. I kept on saying what's the

Page 811

- 1 difference where it comes from. But then I switched
- 2 tactics on him. And I've used this many times. I've --
- My bank was Chemical Bank. Am I getting ahead of your
- 4 question?
- 5 Q Just a moment. Let me ask you just one or two
- other questions. Then I very much want you to describe
- this for the Board. I just want to make sure. You're
- absolutely certain in your conversations with Mr. Liebman
- he used the words, "Look I need a bank. I want -- I want 9
- 10 a bank." Words ---
  - A It's 15 years ago but I remember certain
- 12 stupidities like it's yesterday. To me that's crazy
- 13 where the money is coming from but I remember that
- 14 happened.

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- Q Okay. Now you mentioned that the arrangements
- -- that you were willing to finance the production 16
- 17 equipment in part because the production equipment would
- provide security for your investment. Did I understand 18
- 19 you were also willing to lend Mr. Thomas additional
- 20 money, aside for the production equipment, just for
- additional working capital; if you could work out the 21
- 22 terms with him?
- 23 A If I could work out the terms, I would of. You
- have a building that you're taking from what I paid three
- million dollars to a value, as I showed you, 12 million

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- dollars. I'm not throwing out the money I'm lending him.
- I'm going to get a proper security. I would not of lent
- him without proper security and a proper interest rate.
- Q And that's the question, did -- we talked about
- progress payments before, did the progress payments play
- any role in what you understood would be your security
- for the additional working capital loan you would
- provide? The question is what security for the working
- capital you were considering? Was the -- was the fact
- - that it was a Government contract with progress payments to be paid on it, did that play --
  - A Oh, if I was assured that the Government was paying those progress payments, I would of certainly lent him on progress payments. If the U.S. government is
- saying, "I'm going to pay him," Based on payments. 15 16
  - Q Okay. And that's one of the things you'd confirmed with Philadelphia before you leased it to Mr.
- 18 Thomas, Correct?
  - A Of course.
  - Q But now when you're calling Mr. Liebman did you
- 21 ask Mr. Liebman about progress payments?
- 22 A Of course, I talked to him about progress
- 23 payments.
- Q Okay. And did he -- do you remember what he 24
  - responded? Do you remember what you asked him? What the

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nature of what you asked him about progress payments?

- 2 A Well, I would ask him where -- I didn't care
- about Henry's progress payments as far as his payroll or
- his operations. I just cared about my -- my little -- at
- that point when he was behind in rent I just cared about
- my rentals. When I intended to lend him money, when he
- needed money to carry on to make the business work, I
- asked him about progress payments in the future.
- O Is that what you meant when you call it, "Mr.
- Liebman when am I going to be paid?" We'll move on. 10
- 11 Mr. Penzer, during those times you asked Mr.
- 12 Liebman about progress payments or "When am I going to
- get paid?" did Mr. Liebman ever say anything to you about !
- 14 not paying -- that he wasn't going to pay progress
- 15 payments until raw materials and direct labor costs were
- 16 improved by Mr. Thomas? Do you remember? And if you
- 17 don't remember, certainly, everyone here understands
- 18 because it's been a long time.
  - A I don't remember him saying those words.
  - Q Okay.

paid?"

- A He could of but I don't remember.
- Q Okay. Do you remember what his response was 22
  - when you kept asking, "Look, when am I going to get
    - A In the beginning there were -- it wasn't him.

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There were very gong-ho on doing this whole thing.

Q By the time the lease.

A Yes. Then I was going to get paid monthly, no 3 problem. This is a U. S. government lease. We need ۱4 these things. Everything was fine. Later on, I don't remember, but he had a different excuse every day for 6 funking around. It was one or the other. It was -every day I was getting terribly frustrated because I 8 didn't know what was happening and you're supposed to be 9 getting in -- we're dealing a lot of money here. So 10 every day it was different excuse for not -- why I wasn't 11 getting my rental. Anybody would be pretty stupid for 12 selling the building for what I sold it for if I didn't 13 get terribly frustrated at what was going on here. 14

Q Okay. Now if you could of gotten confirmation from Mr. Liebman that your rental was going to be paid and gotten the assurances you were looking for, do you remember about how much money you were willing to loan Mr. Thomas at that point?

A It's not any amount of money. Let's say it's on a piece of equipment, that's a million dollars. The equipment manufacturer might be willing to extend a first on it. I might give a second on it. It can be -- it can be a little flexible here. When you're getting these kinds of money and the tenant that makes your building

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worth 12 million dollars needs money you tend to become very flexible in figuring out how you're going to get him that money on equipment or monies for labor or whatever. But I -- if I was going to give him on labor -- in the end it would have to be very well protected. If it was on labor it would have to be protected by the U.S. government saying they were going to make these progress payments. On equipment you take a place, you know, a lien on the equipment.

O So two or three million dollars total at that time been -- had been a big deal?

A No. That's no big deal when you're talking

13 about a building you paid 3.5 million for and it's worth 12 by the -- with a viable tenant in there. If it's 14 15 empty, it just a noose around your neck, a building like 16 that but if -- you have a tenant and you do everything to 17 keep him in there a viable tenant and he was a viable tenant. He was doing work for the U.S. government. You 18 can supply him with two, three, four, and five million 19 dollars. If you think you're going to get your money 20 back and you get an interest on it and you're increasing 21 22 the value of your building. I've done that a lot of times and I was willing to do it for him. 23

Q I stopped you at a point where you were about to describe after Mr. Liebman had insisted on only having

a bank and not private financing, you said that you were going to tell me -- tell me what you ended. 2

A I did business with Chemical Bank which is now 3 part of Chase and there's a lot of times you want to give credibility of a bank on something. Like when I would buy a building for cash, sometimes it looks good to them,

go get a mortgage from Chemical Bank and sign personally

on 100 percent of it and give them all the money they lend you back in their COULD so they have total security

but you're establishing that this is a building that 10

Chemical Bank lend 20 million dollars on. So they might 11

give me 20 million dollars and I'll put it back in a 12

COULD and sign on it personally. But the next time 13 around Morgan thinks, "Oh, Chemical lend on it 20 million 14

and you have a viable tenant in it. I'll give 40 million 15 16 dollars on it.

Q So it's a way of establishing credit --

A It's a way of establishing credibility.

There's nothing wrong with it and it's done all the time 19

and that way you just establish a track record and -- on 20

a building. That's worth it and Chemical Bank thinks 21

it's worth it and Morgan and the insurance company think 22

because everybody will go with the guy previous to him. 23

They thought it was okay. It's okay. And Chemical's 24

done this many times with me. On buildings, on tenant 25

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improvements, on loans to tenants.

O And that's all based upon you actually having 2 the money to back up the loan at the first --3

A Well, you've got to have the money. They won't 4

just lend you if you're putting it back in a COULD. 5

You've got to have a good signature and you got to have 6

the money to put back in there. Got to have the building 7

that gets an appraisal of that worth. It's not so simple 8

9 as I'm making it seem here.

O Okay. Of course, go on.

A They wouldn't lend if they don't think it's all 11 perfect. 12

Q Of course, go on. So with --

13 A Also, when Mary Liebman said that he'd only 14 loan to a bank, of course, I said I'll get Chemical Bank 15 and I had Chemical Bankers call him. We showed him my 16 net worth. We said we'd be willing to loan on equipment 17 or on, you know, operating needs or whatever if we get 18 proper security and it just fell apart he never wanted to 19 20 respond to that.

O Okay.

A The biggest companies in America responded to 22 that and do it all the time but he didn't want to respond 23 24 to that.

O Do you have any understanding as to why he

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- wouldn't agree with your offer? Wouldn't take your
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- 3 A No. I don't know why he wouldn't agree but I'm
- 4 not in his place. I'm not in --
  - O All right. I'm not here -- I don't want you to
- speculate. I was just wondering if there was -б
  - A No. I'm not a government official,
- 8 Q Okay. Mr. Penzer, you said you got so
- frustrated you ended up selling the building. Did Mr.
- 10 Thomas have an option to purchase the building in his
- 11 lease?
- 12 A Yes. He had an option to purchase. Even
- 13 though was necessary I don't like to give options to
- 14 purchase and I done a couple hundred buildings in my life
- 15 and I think I've given two options in my life because if
- 16 you're going to get the benefits you don't like to have
- 17 an option number. And part of my loaning him the money
- would of been to get rid of the option but in the 18
- 19 beginning he needed an option to satisfy the Government.
- I remember that. They made him get an option to say that 20
- 21 if he -- that's why I gave him a good rental. They made
- 22 him say that eventually he might need to purchase the
- 23 building. So that's why we had to give him an option. I
- 24 would not of given him an option.
  - Q Okay. When you did decide to give him the

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- option though did you consider that to be a valid binding 1 2 option?
- 3 A Oh, yes. It was a binding option. It was part 4 of his lease.
- Q Okay. That's what I wanted to ask you about.
- Did the option to purchase the building come into play
- 7 when you then sold the building?
- 8 A Yes. It came into play. I believe I had to
- give him, I think, 400,000 to get rid of the option. 9
  - Q Okay,
- 11 A So, of course, it was valid. Wouldn't have
- 12 given him 400,000?
  - Q And I realize that --
  - A And probably was worth more than a lot more
- 15 than 400,000 at the time but he was strangling at that
- 16 point. So I got away with 400,000.
- 17 Q Why do you say it might have been worth more than 400,000?
- 18
- A Because you're dealing with the values of 19
- buildings at these numbers. An option on the building is 20
- 21 worth a lot more than \$400,000.
- 22 Q Well, how much did you agree to sell this
- 23 building for?
- 24 A I don't know. I think it was five and half, six, I'm going -- I don't know exactly. But a lot less

- than it was worth. I was just so sicken at that point.
- I couldn't take it any more.
- O Okay, Now --
  - A Because -- this is a standard. This is not my
- makeup. This is a standard. It's usually -- it's about
- ten times the net rental.
  - Q Which in this case, would have put it in the range of maybe 10 to 12 million?
- 8 A I forgot exactly what he was paying. I think 9
- it was three or three-fifty. I don't remember. But it 10
- went up. It graduated up, I believe, too. But -- and
- that would make it worth more. But at \$3 you're dealing
- with -- I'm giving the loan number -- 400,000 feet times
- three is a million two per year. 14
  - O Now you bought the building somewhere --
- A That makes it worth 12 million dollars. 16
  - Q Okay. You purchased the building, I believe,
- back in August of -- maybe August of 1984. Does that
- 19 sound about right?
  - A About right.
- 21 Q And now, do you remember approximately when it
- 22 was that you sold the building?
  - A I couldn't tell you the exact date. I don't
- recall. I'd have to see a document. 24
  - Q Okay.

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- A You're talking about 15 years.
- JUDGE JAMES: Do you remember which year it was
- Mr. Penzer?
- THE WITNESS: Was it -- I believe, it was '86. 4
  - Early '86 or '85,
  - BY MR. LUCHANSKY:
- Q Okay. Maybe we can work it out. If we -- do
- you remember after Mr. Thomas' government contract
- 9 started?
  - A Yes.
- 11 Q Was it a couple of months after the contract
- 12 started or was an entire year and a couple months?
- 13 A No. It wasn't a couple of months. Because I
- was after him all the time for the rent that's going down
- there. And I received some rentals. I remember
- sometimes going down there and getting some checks,
- 17 sometimes not. But I can't recall the exact dates. I
  - don't even recall my children's birthdays. I'm not good
- 19 at dates.
- 20
  - Q If I suggest to you that it might have been in
- the spring of -- and I don't have an exact date, to my
- 22 understanding it was in the spring of 1985. We'll try to
- 23 find a document that might refresh your recollection.
- 24 But if that --

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A When I sold it? When I went to contract with

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Page 822

the seller?

- O I don't know about contract. When you were 2 negotiating to sell it was 1985. Is what --3
- A It could of been. 4
- . 5 Q Okay.
- A It was about the time I was -- Whenever I did 6 the lease with him, it was let's say nine months later or whatever, when I started having trouble getting my 8
- 9
- Q Okay. And last question just to pin down your Ì0 recollection. And, again, if you don't remember exactly 11
- what you said as the appropriate answer, I don't
- remember. But do you remember whether it -- whether Mr. 13
- -- whether it was more than a year after you leased that 14
- building to Mr. Thomas that you sold the building? More 15
- or less than a year? 16
- A After I leased the building to Mr. --17
- Q Right. 18
- A Signed the lease with him? And I can't 19
- remember what the dates. I told us -- the contract or 20
- signed the contract with the buyer. It was enough time 21
- to get frustrated. Very frustrated with owning the 22
- building. I can't recall the exact dates. 23
- O Okay. And the \$400,000 for the -- for Mr. 24
- Thomas' option to buy the building, did you consider that 25
  - Page 823
  - to be -- how did you view that payment? You said you paid for the option. Did you deem it to be that you
- considered to be a forgiveness of -- did you ever forgive 3
- any of Mr. Thomas' rent in exchange for payment of that 4
- 15 payment on that option?
- A I don't remember how I did it but the guy 6
- 7 wanted to buy the building and I negotiated with Henry.
- He was being strangled by the Government and I was being 8
- totally frustrated. So I said -- we came to a number 9
- after some negotiation. I don't recall how I gave him
- 11 the 400,000. I think I gave him a check. But I don't
- 12 remember forgiveness of rental.
  - O And that's what I want to be clear about my
- question. Make sure we're understanding each other. In 14 terms of -- there's two different mechanisms that I want 15
- to make sure we're clear about. When I'm talking --
- there is the physical exchange of money. Whether you cut 17
- a check to him for option for purchasing his option and
- he cut a check to you for rent that he owned you verses
- offsetting, that's one issue. It's just physically how 20
- did we exchange --21

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- A Had nothing to do with an offset? I gave him
- money to get him off the option. 23
- 24 Q That's the question. The questions is, it's that scenario verses did you ever say, "Okay, Mr. Thomas

- Page 824 I am forgiving some of your rent. Some of the rent that
  - you owe me we will consider as if you don't actually owe
  - it to me." Did that ever happen?
  - A It's too long ago. I don't remember how I 4
  - structured giving him \$400,000. It's 15 years ago. I
  - have a lot of buildings. I don't remember exactly.
  - Q But to the -- let me ask it this way. To the
  - extent that you remember, do you remember that you always 8
  - demanded that you receive value for all of the rent that
  - Mr. Thomas owned you? 10
    - A Well, why would I forgiven rental on --
    - O That's the question.
  - A No. I figured it was coming from the U.S. 13
  - government. They owned it to me. I never forgave value
  - of rental. I gave him 400,000 to buy out an option and 15
  - that was cheap at that. 16
  - Q Okay. That's all I have. 17 JUDGE JAMES: It is the Government's
  - 18 opportunity to cross examine if you wish. 19
  - MS. HALLAM: No. I have no questions. 20
    - MR. LUCHANSKY: I'm sorty, your Honor, I -- if
  - I may, I think I might have overlooked a question, if I 22
  - 23 could have just a moment.
    - Court's indulgence, I'm sorry.
    - FURTHER DIRECT EXAMINATION

- Q Okay. Mr. Penzer, is it fair to say that your
- 2 willingness to advance money whether it's to Mr. Thomas 3
- or to anyone else is based upon the economics and
- financial elements of the situation? 5

BY MR. LUCHANSKY:

- A Well, it's only based on the financial
- economics elements.
- Q In that regard, did there come a time -- even 8
- after that situation with Mr. Thomas and things didn't 9
- work out clearly in 1984, 1985, would you of been willing 10
- to lend money or were you willing to lend money to Mr. 11
- Thomas or any of his entities years in the future if the 12
- economics of the deal made sense to you? 13
  - A Years in the future?
  - Q The years after 1984, 1985, did it come anytime
- years later that you were willing to lend money to Mr. 16
- 17 Thomas or to his -- one of his entities if it was a deal
  - that made any sense?
- A If it was the right scenario, I'd lend him 19
- money or I'd take a piece in his building but it have to 20
- be -- basically, I do buildings. It would have to be 21
- where he -- I don't know what you're getting at. Where 22
- he was a tenant in a building of mine or something I 23
- purchased for his usage and I'd lend him money or take a 24
- piece of his company or whatever it may call for and do 25

10	ursday, May 18, 2000 Conde	nse	It PREEDOM NI
	Page 826		Page 828
1	business with him.	1	A Oh, then I said, "Contact Mr. William Sayer,
2	MR. LUCHANSKY: I'm going to show the witness	2	Chemical Bank." Yes. I think they did. I remember they
3	this document, if you have you have any objection?	3	called up.
4	MS. HALLAM: What tab is that?	4	Q So is this an example of one of the
5	MR. LUCHANSKY: Pardon me.	5	A He's still there, Bill Sayer, Chase Bank.
6	MS. HALLAM: What tab is it?	6	MR. LUCHANSKY: That's all I have, your Honor.
7	MR. LUCHANSKY: It's not a tab. This is a	7	JUDGE JAMES: Anything further?
8	document that is going to be used to refresh his	8	MR. LUCHANSKY: No. Your Honor.
9	recollection come out as an exhibit.	9	MS. HALLAM: No. Your Honor.
10	MS. HALLAM: I haven't heard anything that he	10	JUDGE JAMES: All right, Thank you ever so
11	needs to be refreshed on with regard to this. So yes, I	11	much Mr. Penzer for your testimony. You may step down.
12	do object.	12	Your next witness is.
13	MR. LUCHANSKY: Let me ask Mr, Penzer.	13	MR. LUCHANSKY: Yes. Your Honor. As I said I
14	BY MR. LUCHANSKY:	14	believe that Mr. Steiger has arranged for Mr. Lambert at
15	Q Do you remember a in 1992, a potential deal	15	two o'clock. At least that's what we were shooting for.
16	involving Skyfix Joint Venture, LT.?	16	If we might take a break for a moment or two I'll call
17	A Yes. Henry came to me with an idea and I said	17	Mr. Steiger and see if he's arranged that.
18	if it made sense and you could put them in a building of	18	JUDGE JAMES: All right let's go off the
19	mine or one I purchased, I might be willing to lend I	19	record.
20	would be willing to lend money if I could get proper	20	(Recess.)
21	security and proper rentals. Like I said before on a	21	MR. STEIGER: You want to swear in Mr. Lambert?
22	venture.	22	JUDGE JAMES: Well, first announce who the
23	Q Same situation. Did you remember about how	23	people are that are here so we know.
24	much you would be wiling to lend the persons of that	24	MR. STEIGER: Okay. Mr. Lambert we have
25	deal?	25	certain individuals associated with our trial. First, of
		23	
١.	Page 827		Page 829
	A I don't remember on that deal but it look,	1	course, is Judge James, we have counsel for Respondent,
2	if a deal there's always ways to structure because for	2	Kathleen Hallam, we have the court reporter. We have
3	10 million is one thing, of course, 500,000 it's another.	3	counsel for the Appellant, Freedom, which is myself, Mr.
4	It all has to make sense.	4	Bruce Luchansky, and we have the Appellant, Mr. Henry
5	Q I understand. I'm just wondering if you	5	Thomas of Freedom.
6	remember how much money was how much that deal might	6	THE WITNESS: Okay. I got that.
7	have been worth,	7	JUDGE JAMES: All right this is Judge James
8	A I don't recall that deal. How much it was	8	speaking, Mr. Lambert.
9	worth.	9	THE WITNESS: Yes. Judge James.
10	MR. LUCHANSKY: With that, if I could just show	10	Whereupon,
111	**	11	DAVID LAMBERT,
12	THE WITNESS: I don't know what you mean worth,	12	having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified
13	either. I don't know what you mean worth.	13	as follows:
14	MR. LUCHANSKY: May I approach the witness to	14	JUDGE JAMES: Go ahead, Mr. Steiger.
15	show him this document?	15	DIRECT EXAMINATION
16	JUDGE JAMES: You may.	16	BY MR. STEIGER:
17	BY MR. LUCHANSKY;	17	Q Mr. Lambert, would you please tell us what your
18	Q If you will just take a look at that,	18	current occupation is.
19	A Okay.	19	A I'm presently a partner in the firm of Hughes,
20	Q Money wise, dollar times, how big a deal was	20	Galband, Lambert and Dan, a Washington, D.C. law firm.
21	that in 1992?	21	Q And how long have you been practicing law, Mr.
22	A Well, it says part of the letter referred to	22	Lambert?
23		23	A I've been practicing law for actively
24		24	practicing law since 1977. Prior to that I was counsel
25	Q Okay,	25	for several government agencies.

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- Q And do you specialize in any particular area of 1 law? 2
  - A Yes. I specialize in government procurement and specifically with relating to small business matters.
  - Q Mr. Lambert, do you recall becoming involved with, in a professional manner, with Mr. Henry Thomas of Freedom, the Appellant in this case?
    - A Yes. I do.
  - Q Do you recall approximately or when that time frame was?
- A I think it started in February of 1986, if I'm 12 not -- in January, February time frame of 1986.
- O Do you recall, Mr. Lambert, what you were hired i4 to do or what your mission was, sort of speak?
- A Yes. Freedom was having some problems with the Defense Logistic Agency in connection with a contract, 16 several contracts as a matter of fact, and they asked me if I could assist them in resolving some of the problems
  - O Mr. Lambert, do you recall working on a contract that had become to be known as the MRE-5 contract?
  - A Yes. I think that was -- had been awarded probably in late 1985 and they were in the process of performing it at the time I came on board.
    - Page 831
    - Q And when, again, did you come on board?
  - A I think it was in February time frame of '96 of 186, excuse me, 186.
  - O Mr. Lambert, at the time you came a board or began to work with them or for them on MRE-5, did you have an understanding of their financial position with respect to this contract?
  - A I didn't have a precise understanding of it. I had a general understanding of it and became more familiar with it as we progressed. But I knew that they were having some serious difficulties as a result of a misunderstanding that occurred after the signing of the contract.
  - Q Mr. Lambert, are you aware if this contract, this MRE-5, that we have been talking about was in an overrun position?
  - A It was in an overrun position and it looked as though it was going get -- increase as time went on.
  - Q You recall the amount that, at the time you were working with them, do you recall approximately what that amount was?
- 22 A I'm not exactly sure. My general recollections is it was the price was going to increase substantially 23 24 above the initial. I think it was 13 million up to about 17 million plus, at that time.

- Q Were you familiar with a claim that had been 1
- filed by Freedom?
  - A I was somewhat familiar with it, yes.
  - Q And was that claim filed on the MRE-5 contract?
  - A I believe it was in April of '86.
    - Q Do you recall having read that claim?
- A I undoubtably saw it but I probably saw it 7
- 8 after the fact.
  - Q Do you remember in your seeing it, why they were asking -- why Freedom was asking for relief?
- A Yes, I do. I don't understand -- remember the 11 specifies of it necessarily but it was a result of the
- failure of the Government to meet some of the commitments 13
- that they made at the time the contract was signed.
- Q Mr. Lambert, did you know if at the time you 15 were working for Freedom as attorney they were actively 16 seeking an award for a follow-on contract? 17
- A Yes. I think they were counting on it. They 18
- were part of the defense base and they wanted to remain 19
- in the base and it was important that they maintain their 20
- viability to be eligible for MRE-7, I believe it was. 21
- There was an MRE-6 and I don't know if there was an MRE-7 22
- 23 to follow that.
- O Thank you. Let me ask you this. In connection 24
  - with your assisting them where there suggestions made of

Page 833

- how you should proceed to help them?
- A I think the task was to try to identify, with 2
- the senior people at DLA, the problems that Freedom was 3
- having and to work out a viable solution to those
- problems so they could continue the performance of the
- contract and maintain their eligibility for follow-on 6
- 7 work.

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- Q Did you, in fact, meet with people at DLA 8
- 9 headquarters?
  - A Yes. I did.
- O And do you recall who those people were? 11
- A One was Carl Kabazman, in the General Counsel 12
- and the other was Kiasa, who was the executive director 13 as I recall.
- 14
- 15 Q Did you -- were discussions conducted by you 16 with these individuals?
- 17 A Yes.
  - Q Where were they conducted?
- A They were conducted in the offices at the 19
- Defense Logistic Agency on Alexandria. 20
- 21 O Was Mr. Thomas with you at the time?
- 22
  - Q Why did it -- why had you decided that Mr.
- Thomas should not be part of the discussions? Do you 24
- recall? 25

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- A I don't think there -- I don't recall there's 2 any reason why he shouldn't be there. He had a
- 3 representative there, Colonel Francois. And that was --
- he thought that was sufficient. And I had -- saw no
- reason why he should be there. 5
- 6 Q Now your discussions. Would you focus in a little closer if you can about the time of when your 7
- discussions took place? Do you recall with any
- specificity the time that this took place? 9
  - A No. I don't, But I think they would have occurred probably in early March and trying to understand the problem and soon as we got that in hand we arranged
- 12 13 for discussions with Kiasa and Kabazman. So that would
- 14 of been early, middle March, something like that.
  - Q Were you aware that at the time you were conducting these discussions, these high level
  - discussions at the LA, there was in fact on the table for
- 18 consideration a particular contract modification?
- 19 A I think there were discussions about a --20
  - modifying the contract to ease the pressure on Freedom. And to make it possible for them to meet schedule and,
- 22 you know, preform the contract.
  - Q Was it your understanding with respect to this
- 24 modification that if signed it would grant them the relief they needed to do what you just said?
- 1 A That was the understanding, yes.
- 2 O The modification itself?
- 3
- 4 O The modification document?
- 5
- б Q You recall something concerning the claim that
- 7 had been filed in that modification?
- 8 A Yes
- 9 Q How was that claim treated in the modification?
- 10 Do you remember?
- 11 A It was to be waved.
- 12 Q It was to be waved.
- 13 A Withdrawn.

15

- 14 Q And you still believe that the modification as
  - written would have allowed them with it's waved claim to
- 16 complete the contract?
- 17 A Yes. That was my understanding. Although
- 18 there, were some additional problems there. There was a
- lot of government furnished equipment, product that was 19
- 20 essential to the performance of the contract. So there
- were a lot of variables in the contract that required 21
- 22 everything to work right for them and we had every reason
- 23 to believe they would.
- 24 Q Did you know how the overrun that you mentioned a few minutes ago was to be taken care of in the

- modification document itself?
  - A No. I don't recall that as we speak.
- O Okay. Now, getting back to your own 3
- discussions at DLA. Did you get some kind of a closure
- or some kind of agreement or completion of discussions
- with them?
- A It was generally understood that there were
- certain things the government could do to assist them
- because it was very clear from the beginning of the
- discussions. It was the basic premise with Kiasa and
- Kabazman that they wanted, clearly wanted Freedom to
- 12 succeed and wanted Freedom to survive any of the
- 13 difficulties that had and they were prepared to take
- 14 certain actions to make that possible. And these were
- basically administrative actions outside the contract. 15
- 16 Q Now let me ask you this. I, Mr. Lambert, I 17 sent you some pertinent documents to review. One of
- 18 those documents was a letter addressed to Mr. Kiasa
- signed by Mr. Thomas, dated May 13, 1986, and what I am.
- 20 referring to for the record is FT 280. If you hold it
- one second, Mr. Lambert. Do you have that letter near 21
- 22 you?

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- A I'm looking for it. I have -- let me just check here. I have a letter of May 2, to Frank Bankoff.
  - Q Okay. Perhaps you're holding an earlier draft.

- A Yes.
- Q The letter that I'm holding. But do you recall
- that a later draft of that letter had been submitted or
- had been submitted to Mr. Kiasa?
- A Yes. This says essentially the same thing. If
- not specifically the same thing.
- O Okay, Well, I don't want you to quote things
- 8 from the letter but just to get an understanding of what
- you accomplished and what closure you had at the meeting.
- 10 So I'm going to ask you, was there a discussion with
- 11
- respect to a guaranteed loan? 12
  - A Yes. There was.
  - Q And do you recall what agreement or closure or
  - discussion you had with respect with that item?
- 15 A Well, it's obvious that the loan -- there was
- additional funds required to complete the contract and
- 17 the use of a guaranteed loan was a logical solution to
- that problem. And it was discussed at some length with
- Kabazman and Kiasa and Kabazman being fully familiar with
- 20 the loan operation over the years; I felt we had a common
- 21 bases for discussion.
  - Q And did they tell you they would do something?
  - A Yes. The suggestion was that they -- the
  - V-loan be applied for in a timely fashion and, they
  - called it a V-loan in those days, but the guaranteed loan

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be applied for in a timely fashion to get additional

funds into the contract.

Q Did they say what role they would do? What would they do? Did they say?

A Well, they agreed that they would process it in a timely fashion.

Q And what did you take that to mean?

A Well, I understanding the process, the V-loan 8 process it had to be initiated by the Contracting Officer 9 in one end and, of course, the bank on the other with the 10 Federal Reserve people in that locality. But in, you 11

know, implicit in that timely processing was the fact that everyone was certainly familiar with the general 13

operation of Freedom. And as a government contractor and 14

part of the national industrial base and so everything 15 was known about Freedom's eligibility so the question of 16 eligibility never really came up. 17

O Did you have any reason --18

A It was assumed that they were eligible in the 19 20 discussions.

Q Did you have any reason to believe, based upon what they were telling you, that a guaranteed loan would not be issued?

A I had no reason to believe that they would take 24 any actions that were not consistent with applying for 25

discussions with him point out to you that such a change in policy had taken place?

A Absolutely not. I was -- I think we discussed 3 and had reference to some prior V-loan situation down in

the South in which he was directly involved and we were 5

talking about it in present tense so I had no reason to

believe that there been any change in policy. And this

certainly -- we were using the regulations, statutes and 8 regulations, current statutes and regulations with

respect to the discussions and the processing of the 10 11 V-loan.

Q As general counsel of that destined agency, do you believe that Mr. Kabazman should of known that there was in fact a policy change?

A Well, in the context of the conversation, I 15 could of -- I had to assume that he knew there would be 16 -- there was no objection or no obstacle in getting the **17** V-loan to his knowledge. 18

Q Let me ask you one more thing now. Going back 19 to something else that might have been part of these 20 discussions. Did you talk at all about this contract --21 this follow-on contract that you mentioned MRE-77 Do you 22 remember having any discussions with him about that? 23

A Yes. I think that was a part of our 24 discussions. An intrinsical part of the discussions 25

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the application. You know. 1

Q Were you aware that based upon what they had told you that the bank, the bank of Freedom, Freedom's bank had taken some action with respect to the guaranteed loan?

A I learned as we got into the discussions that they had taken some action which appeared at one point to be a little precipitous but if it was all right if something needed, you know, certainly they were entitled

to do it. 10 Q Were you keeping Mr. Thomas abreast of what was going on during the course of your discussions? 12

A Absolutely. Minutely, minute by minute.

Q Would you explain -- Well, let me ask you this. Is it your belief that their statement that they would process the loan as you testified, do you believe that they did, in fact, process the loan? A Well, I inceptively had some concern about that

18 because the -- as it unfolded the Federal Reserve Bank 20 was having problems with it and were getting signals from 21 Washington. And I think I eventually was told that there 22 had been a change at some point earlier on in the DOD policy with respect to a guaranteed loans. In which they 23 24 were not only discouraged but were basically shut down,

Q Did Mr. Kabazman at the time you had your

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because it was very clear that we had to maintain -- that

Freedom had to maintain its eligibility as a contractor

through the process of completing this contract. I think

there was a MRE-6 that dropped in there but which we

didn't participate in or were not able to participate in. 5

But they had to be eligible to meet all the pre-award 6

survey requirements of MRE-7. There's quite a bit of 7

discussion about that. 8

9 Q Do you recall that during the portion of your discussions an action took place that made them eligible? 10

A An action that took place that made them 11 eligible? I'm not sure I understand that. 12

O Okay. Well, initially when you got involved 13 what -- do you recall what there was about MRE-7 that 14 made them vulnerable or not eligible for that contract? 15 Do you recall? 16

A Not at this time. No. I do not.

Q Okay. Now let me ask you this.

A Other than the fact that they had to be, you 19 know, meet the requirement -- eligibility requirements as 20

21 a going concern.

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O Right. Do you believe in your discussions with Mr. Thomas of Freedom that he relied on the good faith of the discussions that were conducted by you at DLA headquarters?

Ann Riley & Associates (202) 842-0034

Page 842 1 A I don't think there was any question about 2 that. I think we were all relying on the good faith of the government. And I think they were relying on our 3 good faith at the same time. That we wanted this thing 5 to work. And we all agreed in general principal that if we could do these things it would work. 6 7 Q Now, do you recall if you had any discussions with him concerning the relationship between the 9 modification we talked about and your discussions at DLA? 10 And what I'm asking specifically -- did he ever tell you 11 that he would not have signed the modification in the 12 absence of what you had accomplished at DLA headquarters? 13 A I think he would not have signed, he would not have given up his claim and that would have meant signing 14 15 that modification if he had thought that the government was going to do anything other than what was the general 16 17 understanding that each party agreed that they would do. 18 Q Okay. Mr. Lambert, I believe that I am 19 finished. Would you just hold for just one second? 20 A Certainly. 21 MR. STEIGER: Your Honor. 22 THE WITNESS: Certainly, I'll hold. 23 JUDGE JAMES: Does the government wish to cross 24 examine the witness? 25 MS. HALLAM: Yes, Page 843

1 package?2 A No.

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Q Do you know if they had sent out a timely package for that year's appropriation or for the next

5 year, whatever year appropriation was coming up?

A You talking about Bankers? Bankers would not have been applying for an appropriation.

8 Q Isn't there a timing issue for the 9 applications?

A Not necessarily. Not to my knowledge.

Q Yes. Do you know when they finally got it or if they even got an acceptable application in?

A No. I do not.

Q Are you aware of any times that the application was rejected because of errors?

A No.

Q Are you aware of the application being ultimately withdrawn?

A No.

Q During your discussion with headquarters or when you were reporting back to Henry Thomas, did you ever lead him to believe that the follow-on contract was guaranteed?

A No. I don't -- No. I never led him to believe it was guaranteed. He was in the industrial base. This

Page 845 was a restricted competition. There's only a limited

2 number of companies that could participate in this -- the

3 MRE program. And to that extent he was, I think, one of 4 the two and then one of three. He was one of three. And

5 that extent he was assured of an opportunity to bid and

6 if his bid was competitive or however they want to

describe that, he would get an award of a part of some of

8 a designated part of the requirement which was essential

9 for the -- it had been determined to be essential for the

10 National Defense program.

Q Did you at anytime lead Bankers Leasing to believe that headquarters -- that DLA headquarters had promised or guaranteed a follow-on contract to Freedom NY?

A No. There was no way you could guarantee the award of a contract. And I think everybody understood it. They also understood the situation. Where in order to meet their commitment, the DLA had to award at least three contracts to cover the requirement and maintain a

base, an industrial base, in the event there was an
emergency and they had to surge production. To mean

additional requirements for the MRE product.
 O Could you tell me at what level -- could yo

Q Could you tell me at what level -- could you tell me what the ultimate decision with regard to the V-loan was?

JUDGE JAMES: You'll have to tell him your name.

MS. HALLAM: It's Kathleen Hallam.

THE WITNESS: Yes, Kathleen.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. HALLAM:

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Q You had been speaking about May 1, letter that -- a draft letter that had gone to Frank Bankoff.

A I think it was May 2.

Q May 2. Yes. You said there was essentially the same letter when to Kiasa?

A That's correct. The commitments in there were essentially the same.

Q And it was that essentially the same draft?

A I can't -- I think it was. I don't think the variations were significant.

Q With regard to the discussions that you had with headquarters. Prior to having those discussion, what knowledge did you have of V-loan processing?

A I had some knowledge of it. I don't know -- it's a hard question to answer. But I knew the process and I reviewed cases that had been involved in that process.

Q Were you involved in preparing the package that Bankers Leasing prepared to send out for the application

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A What I was told, the initial word I got was that there had been a change in DOD policy with respect to V-loans. And which was a -- I'll tell you. It was a surprise to me because I had no indication of it. 4 5

- Q Do you know who helped -- if anyone helped Bankers Leasing prepare the application for the V-loan?
- A No. I have no idea.
- Q Do you know if they had the assistance of an 8 attorney preparing it? 9
- A I have no idea. 10
- Q You worked for Bankers Leasing throughout this 11 12 period. Didn't you?
  - A No. I wasn't working for Bankers Leasing.
- 14 O No.

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- A I was employed by -- I was counsel to Freedom. 15
- Q With regard to the -- what we've been calling 16 the side agreements provision for SBA section 8a 17
- contracts. A Yes. 19
- O Do you know what steps, if any, DLA 20 ŻI. headquarters took with regard to that provision?
- A Well, they -- I knew that -- I'm very familiar 22 with that program and those are sole source contracts and 23 DLA had the authority to make sole source contract awards 24
- to anybody they wanted to that was qualified. And in 25

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- this respect there was -- Freedom was fully qualified as ţ 2 an 8a contractor.
- Q Do you know what contacts they made with SBA 3 4 with regard to that?
- 5 A I am -- my recollection is very fuzzy on it but I know it was unsuccessful. It didn't seem to workout as 6
- I recall. It was not really part of the main thrust of
- what we were trying to do. But there was certainly a 18
- commitment to try to get some 8a work in there. And that . 9
- was a very simple, under the circumstance, relatively 10
- simple thing for DLA to have done. They could have taken 11
- a lot of the MRE contracts themselves, the requirement 12
- 13 and awarded them to Freedom under a 8a contract through
- 14 the 8a process.

21 22

- O When did you seize working for Mr. or Freedom 15 16 NY?
- A I think it was in early part of -- early part 17 of '87. 18
- Q And what was the circumstances under which you 19 left Freedom or left representing Freedom? 20
  - A I think the situation had gotten pretty chaotic for them and there were certain things they wanted done
- and we started doing them and then, you know, file 24 additional claims and what have you. And it just -- the
- thing was not working out. We didn't feel -- we

- mutually. I think it was a mutual parting of the ways.
- Q What is your -- you said that you understood
- that the V-loan was unsuccessful, where did you -- you
- understood that the DOD changed its policy? Where did
- that understanding come from? 5
- A I think it was probably a verbal understanding 6
- and I don't recall who told me about it but I think it
- may have come from Kabazman or maybe come from someone in 8
- DOD, as a matter of fact. I think I did call DOD and the 9
- people in DOD who were -- who would of been handling it 10
- -- were saying what's holding this up? And they said we 11
- -- there's been a change in policy. A prior change in 12
- policy. And I -- that surprised me. 13
- Q What actions were taken to remedy that 14
- situation or to complain about that situation? 15 A There wasn't anything you could do about it. 16
- 17 What should you do about?
- Q I don't know. Henry's not somebody that takes 18
- 19 things laying down.
- A Well, I don't know whether you can make 20
- somebody -- the government do something they don't want 21
- to do unless you go through a rather elaborate process. 22
- And even then its chances of success -- there's no way 23
- they could have forced them to make a V-loan if they 24
- 25 didn't wish to approve it.

- Q Do you recall the time frame of when you found 1 out about this?
  - A Not exactly but I would of said it would of
- been in the mid June or something, June, July process.
- I'm not sure. But when the Federal Reserve rejected or 5
- the application and became apparent that the Contracting
- 6 Officer and DOA weren't processing their part of the 7
- application for the required basic approval, initial 8
- approval of the Contracting Officer and if I recall 9
- correctly. Bankoff, I believe, was the Contracting 10
- Officer, said that it was out of his hands it was being 11
- handled at the DLA level. And, you know, you can't make 12
  - a Contracting Officer do something he doesn't want to do.
  - Q So at that point, was it your decision not to
  - follow-up on that and see what could be done to correct
- 16 that situation?
- A Oh, yes. I think we had discussions with DLA 17
- and, you know, but by that time -- time was going and the 18
- various actions that the government was committed 19
- themselves to were not necessarily materializing as we 20
- originally planned. And it really -- the whole thing 21
- 22 came unglued.
- Q This is in June of '86, that you found out that 23 24 the policy had changed?
  - A I didn't say that. I said it was in that June,

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July time frame that we -- that it became apparent that the V-loan was not going to come through. Maybe a little later. Maybe even August.

Q Do you recall what meetings you had with regard 4 to it? The V-loan not coming through? 5

A Oh, I think we discussed it at the -- some of the meetings. Yes. At the end, I don't know whether we 7 had any meetings after July, maybe early August, or something like that. Maybe in September. I'm not sure. But the fact that the V-loan was not being processed was 10 certainly a subject of discussion. 11

O Discussion with whom?

A Kabazman and Kiasa.

O Was there anyone else that it was discussed 14 15 with?

A I think there may have been a deputy when Kabazman was on vacation. I don't recall the details of it but it was essentially -- they maintained a consist position with respect to the V-loan that it was not going to be made.

Q Okay. Thank you. REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. STEIGER:

Q Yes. I'd like to ask a couple redirect questions, Mr. Lambert. Is it -- are you aware or is it

remember the date but I think that was, you know, must have been August, September time frame. I would think.

Q And do you recall talking about this at the 3 meeting with Dr. Wade? 4

A I didn't -- I was not permitted to say very 5 much but I remember it was certainly discussed. And it was -- the questions were being asked and there were questions I would of asked.

Q Did -- what did Doctor -- do you recall what Dr. Wade said about a guaranteed loan for Freedom?

A Well, he just said it wasn't going to happen. 11 I mean, it's about as clear as that. It wasn't -- it 12 wasn't \*\*\* as a matter of fact. 13

Q Did he ever -- did he indicate that there was -- that he believed there was ever a possibility that I could happen?

A It was pretty plain to me. I think that meant forever. He was very precise about it.

Q Okay. Thank you. Ms. Hallam.

MS. HALLAM: No.

MR STEIGER: Your Honor. No. I believe that we are finished so on behalf of the Appellant, I certainly want to thank you very much, Sir.

THE WITNESS: Thank you. And thank you, Judge 24 25 James.

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your belief that the failure to obtain that V-loan and

whatever action DLA did not take to help get it were a 2

result of the quality of the application submitted? You

A Your question was centered on whether the

4 recall the -- did you understand my question?

application had been correctly aired. And I was not aware of that -- it had not been correctly done, but I had nothing to do with it. In that sense but certainly an application is an application and it can be -obviously there -- you know, we make changes in them as you go through their process. And I --

Q Okay. You mentioned that you found out about a change in policy. Was it your understanding that this change in policy had taken place before your discussions with DLA?

· A Yes. It was my understanding. Maybe six months before. May it was same as -- it had been established sometime before I talked to them.

Q Thank you. One more. Counsel for the government asked you about discussions concerning this matter later on. Do you recall attending a meeting that had been set up by Mr. Thomas with the eminent Dr. Wade of OSD, of the Office of Secretary of Defense, on this very loan issue?

A Yes. I do. Now that -- Yes. I do. I don't

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JUDGE JAMES: Thank you, Mr. Lambert. MS. HALLAM: Want to go off the record. JUDGE JAMES: Let's go off the record. (Off the record.) JUDGE JAMES: The Board is aware that at the

outset of the proceedings we had Government objections to several of the Appellant's FT exhibits. Specifically, FT 397, 399 to 403, 405, and 419. I've reviewed those exhibits and the Government's objection to them and I'm now going to overrule those objections and I'm going to allow those exhibits to be received in evidence.

(Appellant's Exhibits Numbers 397, 399 to 403, 405, 419 were received into evidence.) JUDGE JAMES: Let's go off the record.

15 16 (Off the record.)

18 Whereupon,

WILLIAM ROBBINS,

having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified 20 21 as follows:

JUDGE JAMES: Let's go back on the record.

22 JUDGE JAMES: What I'd like you to do, Sir, is state for the record your full name, spell your last 23 name, and give us your address. 24 THE WITNESS: Okay. My name is William 25

Thursday, May 18, 2000 CondenseIt<sup>TM</sup> FREEDOM NY Page 856 Page 854 Q Okay. And you met with Mr. Thomas? Robbins, R-o-b--b-I-n-s. I live at 18 West Parkway, A Yes, I did. Clifton, New Jersey, 07014. 2 Q And I'm sorry if you mentioned the time, I DIRECT EXAMINATION 3 missed it. Do you remember approximately when that was? BY MR. LUCHANSKY: 4 A It would be sometime in the summer or early Q Mr. Robbins, is there another first name that 5 fall of 1982. you're generally known by? Q Okay. When you met with Mr. Thomas, what did 7 A Billy or Bill or Zeb. he explain to you about this opportunity? Q Is there a Hebrew name you go by? 8 8 A He said that there was the Government needed to 9 A Zeb. provide food for the military. Some sort of new type of Q The name Zeb Robbins has come up a number of 10 10 technology. Not like c-rations -- believe cans -- but times in the trial. Just want to make sure that was you. 11 MRE something, meals are ready to eat, I think, and that Mr. Robbins, can you tell the Judge what line of work 12 12 basically he had a lot of access to assistance that he 13 you're currently engaged in? 13 could get in the Bronx for helping getting the building 14 A Currently engaged mainly in real estate 14 and other things together and that he was confident that 15 management and ownership. 15 he would be one of the main contractors. I think there Q Okay. Do you do any kind of entrepreneurial 16 16 were supposed to be three of them for the country. 17 work as well? 17 Q Okay. And at the time that he spoke to you, A I sometimes look at businesses for potentially 18 18 did he indicate -- did he indicate whether he anticipated buying businesses that are -- have potential to make a 19 19 -- in addition to the contracts that he was talking to profit. And invest in them. 20 you about at the time, did he indicate to you whether he Q Okay. How long have you been engaged in this 21 21 expected to have contracts into the future as well? 22 22 line of work? A If he was successful with the ones that he did, 23 A Since 1976. 23 if he did his work correctly, yes. 24 O Do you have any other business experience? 24 Q Were you interested in -- Well, what assistance A From 1970 to 1984 I was in the record business. 25 25 Page 857 Page 855 did he ask from you at the time? 1 I was a retailer in two states. I had six stores and A He wanted to know whether I had financial 2 also distributed to college campuses -- on non profit capability to invest if I found it a viable entity. And college stores. And during the time I was running that I said I'd be interested if, you know, if the numbers business, well, I guess, we're doing about seven million held out. I'd certainly review it. dollars a year in revenue. And then in 1976, I started 5 O Okay. Did you do anything to check into Mr. getting involved in real estate and have been doing that 6 б Thomas' background or the viability of his proposal? 7 ever since. A Yes. Mr. Thomas told me that he had been in Q Okay. So you're doing both. Both overlapped 8 8 serving lunches for children for a number of years. So I 9 9 for a period of time? had my attorney go to all the locations and make phone A Right. Eventually I sold my record business in 10 10 calls to all the places that he had worked and all the 11 1984 to a larger company. 11 contacts that he had supposedly with the military and all 12 Q And was that a profitable transaction for you? 12 of the contacts he had with the city of Mt. Vernon. His 13 A Very. Yes. 13 contracts in Philadelphia. To verify whether he was who 14 O Mr. Robbins, can you tell us how you came to 14 he said he was because, you know, people talk, you know. meet Henry Thomas? 15 15 O Did your attorney satisfy -- did he satisfy you 16

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A In 1982, a good friend of mine, Mr. Albond, told me that there was a potential business opportunity and he wanted me to meet someone and we met at a Hungarian restaurant on 46th Street, I think, in

19 20 Manhattan in the afternoon.

O Okay. What did he tell you about Henry Thomas 21 22 at that point? Or about the person you were supposed to 23 meet?

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A That he potentially had some Government contracts and that it was potentially very profitable. A Yes. I wanted to --

24 Regarding your involvement.

business deal with Mr. Thomas?

that Mr. Thomas was who he said he was?

A Yes. He confirmed that whatever he had

represented was reality as far as him being in food

Q So at that point, did you try to negotiate a

programs and having potential to get military contracts.

A I wanted to have a 50/50 partnership with him.

- We couldn't reach an agreement on the percentage for some
- reason I couldn't have equal shares for whatever reason 2
- 3 but -- so I said no.
- Q Okay. Now after you weren't able to reach an
- 5 agreement on being an equal investor with him, did you
- still remain interested in investing in some way if the 6
- 7 opportunity arose?
- 8 A Yes.
- 9 Q Did the opportunity arise?
- 10 A I think the next time he called me he said that
- 11 he had come upon an opportunity to purchase some
- 12 equipment that was going to be auctioned off very
- quickly. And it was in Washington state. I think 13
- 14 Tacoma.

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- 15 Q Where were you living at the time?
- A I was living in California. And would I be 16
- 17 willing to go up there and buy this equipment and then
- lease it to him. Which he told me the value of it was 18
- 19 approximately a quarter of a million dollars and that it
- 20 could be bought for significantly less. And so that
- 21 definitely made sense to me. So I took a flight to
- Tacoma and I bid and successfully won at an auction for 22
- 23 these little items that looked like submarines.
- Q Do you remember what these items did? What 24
- 25 type of equipment it was?

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- A They're called rotor mats. They were something that supposedly made hygienically clean at high
- 3 temperatures, of high pressure whatever went into it.
- Food, I guess in this case. And since they were at
- Nally's, I guess they were being used by them or somebody
- 6 else in the food business.
- 7 Q And did you understand that Mr. Thomas needed
- this in connection with those government contracts that
- you were talking about?
- 10 A Yes. They were essential because the whole
- 11 nature of these pouches was that they had to have a shelf
- life of, like, seven years and be able to just be dropped
- 13 in water or something to make them function. Otherwise,
- 14 they would be bad,
  - Q So you went up to Washington. Did you
- 16 successfully buy the rotor mats?
- 17

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- 18 Q And how did you make them available to Mr.
- 19 Thomas? What agreement did you reach with Mr. Thomas
- 20 about the rotor mats?
- 21 A We leased them to my corporation, No Name
- 22 Record Corporation, leased them to Mr. Thomas.
- 23 Q Okay. Did Mr. Thomas ever contact you again
- about asking whether you would be interested in financing 24
- his efforts with these Government contracts?

Page 860 A Well, I think he did. He asked me -- after we

- had set up the lease and he was working in his plant was
- up in Hunt's Point which I had seen which was quite an
- expansive facility. He said was I willing to provide an
- 5 extra financing for additional equipment. I think mainly
- he wasn't allowed to buy equipment only to lease it.
- And/or to provide an investment and I was in the process
- of getting ready to get out of the record business and
- had prospective buyers. So I was looking for other 9
- opportunities. So I said yes I was interested if the
- numbers, you know, were substantiated. 11
- 12 Q Okay. Do you remember the time frame for this?
- Was it immediately after the -- after you bought the 13
- 14 rotor mats? Or was it while --
  - A No. It was about a year later.
- 16 Q I'm sorry. I didn't hear.
  - A I think it was a year later.
- 18 Q Okay.

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- 19 JUDGE JAMES: Do you recall what year you're
- 20 even talking about?
- THE WITNESS: 1982 is the year that I bought 21
- 22 the rotor mats and so this would be in like the summer or
- 23 fall of 1983.
- 24 BY MR. LUCHANSKY:
  - Q Now at -- and I'm sorry you -- your answer was

- that you would be interested if the terms were right?
- A He sent me some numbers supporting what the,
- you know, the flow would be of production and the nature
- of how the contracts work if he's awarded them. Which were, I believe, essentially that the government pays a
- good percentage of the costs as soon as you get through
- producing the product.
- 8 Q Okay. Now the -- in 1983, the contract that
- Mr. Thomas was bidding on at that time which was
- technically the MRE-4 contract. He didn't get it.
  - A Yes.
- Q And so I'm assuming that you didn't provide any 12
  - investment dollars at that point?
  - A No.
- 15 Q Okay. The following year Mr. Thomas got, at
  - what is technically the MRE-5 contract,
  - A Yes.
- 18 Q And so in 1984, did Mr. Thomas come back to you again and inquire whether you were still interested in
- 20 providing some financing?
- A Yes. Again, if the numbers were supported and 21 22 there was a way I could verify it,
- 23 Q At that point, and now talking 1984 --
- 24 A Right. By this time I had sold my business.
  - So I was -- I'd just gotten married. I had sold my

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business and I was looking for, you know, otheropportunities.

Q Okay. Could you -- are you able to approximate about how much money you had available to invest at the time?

A Let's see. I had an unsecured line of credit from Imperial Bank of two million dollars. And the sell of my business netted 2.9 million dollars, plus, I owned a fair amount of real estate. So I was fairly comfortable.

Q So would you be willing at that time again assuming the deal was right and you had -- you were able to reach a deal, would you have been willing to invest in that range of several million dollars?

A Up to a few million dollars, yes.

Q Did there come a time that Mr. Thomas approached you and asked more than theoretical questions about your willingness to invest and asked you more specifically and directly, "Will you loan me some money for this MRE contract?"

A Yes. He sent me some papers that showed performance of what potentially is a flow of a contract and that the government covers 95 percent of paying for when it's completed and so on the surface it looked like I didn't have tremendous amount of risk. So I was quite

1 asked you for?

A He wanted about two or two and half million
 dollars.

Q Now did that cover financing for equipment as well as for operating capital?

A Yes.

Q After you reviewed the cash flows, you said that wasn't -- you know, they looked good on paper but it didn't --

10 A Right.

Q You weren't quite ready to put the dollars in

yet. Did you take any of the steps at that point to try

and verify that what Mr. Thomas told you about Government

payments was indeed accurate?

15 A 1 asked him if he was seriously interested that 16 I would need some verification from the Government. 17 Whoever was going to be the people who actually

Whoever was going to be the people who actually distributed the money. Whether there was reality to

19 this. Whether the contracts would really exist. And

20 whether whatever's being represented would be a reality.

Q Do you remember whom you spoke to? Did you call -- did you call somebody in the Government?

23 A One morning I -- a phone call was arranged

24 where Mr. Thomas put me in touch with someone from the

25 Government who would be able to answer my questions. Who

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1 interested.

- O Were these cash flow statements?
- 3 A Yes.
- 4 Q Do you remember approximately when this was?
- 5 A It would be in sometime in 1984.
- 6 Q Okay. Now did you review the cash flow 7 statements?
- 8 A Yes.
- Q And did they appear to pan out for you? What
  Mr. Thomas had represented in terms of the government
  paying 95 percent of costs incurred and him being
  responsible for 5 percent?

A Yes. On paper but again my, you know, I'm some what respect but suspect. I wanted, you know, someone to confirm from the Government someone to confirm that whatever someone represents is reality not just the word of, you know, someone who's looking for money.

Q Okay Had you ever actually -- have you ever been involved in business deals with the Government before?

21 A No

Q So your experience is based on your experience in the private business world?

24 A Right.

Q Do you remember how much financing Mr. Thomas

1 is, I believe, in charge of that part of the MRE program.

Q Okay. Do you remember whether we're now still in 1984 or whether we're now into early 1985? If you

4 remember.

A I don't remember.

6 Q So Mr. Thomas set up a phone call with you. He 7 was with you at the time?

8 A No. I was in California. He called from back 9 east,

10 Q Okay.

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11 A And the person was also back east.

Q Okay. Do you remember the name of the person

13 he set up the phone call with?

A A Mr. Liebman.

Q Tell me about that phone call. What happened?

16 A It was a very brief phone call. Henry Thomas
17 introduced me as a -- my name and Mr. Liebman asked me

18 whether I was a bank and I said no, but I'm an investor

19 and I have a fairly sizeable amount of money and I'm

20 interested in investing. That was about sum total of the

21 conversation.

Q Conversation ended at that point?

23 A Yes. He said he was not interested in -- if I

24 wasn't a bank. I mean, that was it. He did not want to

speak to me as an individual.

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- Q He didn't ask you how much money you were
- 2 willing to invest?
- 3 A No.

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- 4 Q Didn't ask you what your financial credit was?
- 5
- 6 Q Background?
- 7 A No.
- 8 Q You and Mr. Thomas did make it clear to him
- that you were calling for purposes of potentially
- investing in this contract? 10
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q After this conversation, after you hung up the
- 13 phone were you willing to lend any money to Mr. Thomas?
- 14 A No.
- 15 Q All right. Did Mr. Thomas let it drop at that
- point? Did he continue to try to encourage you to lend
- 17 him some money?
- 18 A He did but I told him that there was no way
- 19 unless I had some way to confirm that I'd be interested
- 20 in going further. I mean, it's just as simple as that.
- 21 You work hard for your money. You don't want to, you
- 22 know, just give it away.
  - Q Did Mr. Thomas suggest another way of trying to
- 24 get the confirmation from Mr. Liebman that you were
- 25 seeking?

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- 1 A He suggested that it might be an alternative is
- 2 if I was willing to put my funds into the bank he was
- dealing with, I think Citi Bank, then his bank, I'd still 3
- control my funds but his bank could then make the
- representation and approach the Government as a bank. If 5
- that's essentially what the Government was looking for
- was a bank to speak to.
- Q And were you willing to place your funds into 8
- Citi Bank in order to allow them to be the
- 10 representatives for your money sort to speak?
- 11 A Yes.
- 12 Q Do you know if Mr. Thomas then went and spoke 13 with anyone from Citi Bank?
- 14
- A Yes. He spoke to Mr. Samuels or I forget 15
  - Q Would that have been Mr. Clarence Stanley?
- 17 A Stanley.

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- 18 Q To the best of your knowledge, did they try to
- 19 make efforts to get this confirmation from Mr. Liebman that progress payments would be made on the contract? 20
- 21 A They tried. I mean, I wasn't involved in the phone calls but they tired. But not -- they weren't 22
- 23 successful.
  - Q Okay. And after, Mr. Thomas reported back to you that they weren't successful, what happened at that

point? 1

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- A I wished him well but I said I just could not
- put money at risk unless there was, you know, a way that
- I was highly secured. And that there was nothing forth
- coming from the Government to suggest and verify, you
- know, even if it sounded very good to go ahead and do it.
  - MR. LUCHANSKY: Don't have anymore.
- JUDGE JAMES: Government wish to cross examine? 8
- 9 MS. HALLAM: Yes. Just one question.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MS. HALLAM:

- Q You said you willing to invest if the terms
- were right. What type of terms/were you looking for?
- 14 A The terms I was looking for was that the -- the 15 main term was that the Government was willing to make the
- payments of 95 percent upon the production of the
- product. I was comfortable that if my exposure is only 5
- percent then it was a safe bet for me to be involved in
- something if the Government's covering 95 percent of it
  - and my exposure will be at max 5 percent.
  - Q What were you looking for in the way of
  - security or is there any security, liens that you were --A The security things would of been taken care of
  - by my attorney but he would have done due diligence to
  - make sure that the proceeds would, in some form, make

- sure that they get my share of it gets to me. O Something in the nature of an assignment?
- A That would be left up to my attorney.
- Whatever, you know, he felt was in my best interest. I'm. not an attorney.
- Q What representations did Mr. Thomas make to you with regard to the amount of money that was expended
- under the contract for production equipment? A I don't know what -- could you be more specific
- in your question?
- Q Did he represent to you that the two or two and a half million dollars you were willing to invest in production equipment was all part of the consideration of the contract price?
- A He only told me that some of it went for needing to lease equipment and some of it for production
- Q His -- What exact were his representation that the Government would be forth coming with 95 percent of any costs he submitted for the production?
- A No. Only whatever a contract that he would be awarded upon the completion of the production that is from raw materials to finished product. At that point, the Government would make 95 percent advances on product
  - that had been produced and completed.

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Q And once again, with regard to the payments you wanted some mechanism in place so that the payments flowed from the Government to you or --

A I just wanted to make sure that whatever I do in anything in business that I'm protected that if I'm invested in something that I'm secured but I usually leave that up to my attorneys because I am not an

MS. HALLAM: That's all the questions I have, your Honor.

MR. LUCHANSKY: There's a few follow-ups, your 11 12 Honor.

## REDIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUCHANSKY:

Q Mr. Robbins, was it your understanding that the payments from the Government were going to be made right away or that there was going to be a delay in payments?

A No. They -- the payments from the Government would come upon the completion of the product being produced as it went through the rotor mats and as it was processed those payments would be forth coming from the Government.

O So as the work was being done? 23

A Right. 24

Q Okay. So even under those terms you were

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willing to put up the money -- you would of been willing to put up the money as long the Government guaranteed -confirmed that they were in for 95 percent and you were 3 in for 5 percent risk? ٠4

A Right. Because that means my exposure is about 100 or 150,000 depending on how much I put in at 5 percent and based upon the possibility that he would be getting -- be one of the three main contracts in a continuing program it made a lot of sense to me to want to be involved in this.

Q Mr. Robbins, you were already leasing equipment 11 to Mr. Thomas. 12

A Right.

Q When you lease equipment, what serves as 14 security on an equipment lease? 15

16 A UCCs.

O Okay. And what affect is there -- does the 17 equipment itself then serve as collateral for your investment? 19

A Yes. For sure.

20 Q Okay. Is that financially then are the 21 22 potential risks of providing investment money considered separately with respect to equipment financing and 23 24 operation financing?

A Yes. You can -- well, the goods when they're

completed theoretically are worth 95 percent of whatever

their value is and the equipment is secured by UCC's. So

you don't really have tremendous -- the equipment can

always be sold. And the equipment was bought at a

discount in the first transaction; and in the second

case, the Government would be forth coming with its

money. So it didn't seem to be a tremendous amount of

financial exposure. 8

JUDGE JAMES: Any further questions by the 9 Government? 10

MS. HALLAM: Yes. Just one.

RECROSS EXAMINATION 12

BY MS. HALLAM: 13

Q Sorry. Maybe I was a little confused. It was 14 your understanding that when the items were completed 15 that Freedom would be getting 95 percent of the costs on 16 17 delivery of the items?

A My understanding was that they would be 18 receiving 95 percent of the cost of the -- of the -- for 19 what the cost of the item, whatever they negotiated with 20 the Government, yes. 21

MS. HALLAM:. No further questions. 22

MR. LUCHANSKY: Mr. Robbins -- I'm sony. 23

NUDGE JAMES: That's it. I didn't ask for any

more questions. I think we've exhausted the subject. 25

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Page 873 Thank you ever so much Mr. Robbins for your testimony.

You may step down. 2

Does the Appellant have another witness you 3

want to call? 4 MR. LUCHANSKY: Yes. Again, your Honor. Mr. 5

Stanley is scheduled to be here at four o'clock. He should be here in just a couple minutes.

JUDGE JAMES: Okay. Let's go off the record. 8 (Off the record.) 9

JUDGE JAMES: Please raise your right hand. 10

11 Whereupon,

CLARENCE STANLEY,

having been first duly sworn, was examined and testified

JUDGE JAMES: What I'd like for you to do, Mr. 15 Stanley, is simply tell for the record your full name, 16 spell your last name, and give us you address. 17

THE WITNESS: Okay. First name is Clarence 18 Stanley, S--the-a-n-1-e-you. Address is, 129 Surrey, 19

S-u-r-r-e-you Drive, and that's in New World Shell, New 20 21 York, 10804.

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. LUCHANSKY: 23

Q Mr. Stanley, how are you currently employed?

A Right now I'm retired from Citi Bank. I'm

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currently the director of the Small Business Development Center at Beaman College.

- 3 Q And you were employed at Citi Bank for a while?
  - A Yes. I just retired three months ago.
  - Q Okay. Congratulations. Could you describe for the Judge your work history at Citi Bank? When you started there, what you did?
  - A Okay. I started at Citi Bank in 1973. And I was a branch manager for most of my career. A branch manager and a loan officer in the business development office. I retired in the year 2000, twenty-seven years
  - Q When you were at Citi Bank was Henry Thomas and Freedom -- where they some of your commercial customers?
    - A Yes. They were,

that was pretty significant.

- 16 Q Do you remember when they first became 17 customers of Citi Bank?
  - A I remember that I was manager of the branch in Mt. Vernon and I guess that would of been about 1977, 1976. I was a branch manager and we were looking for balances and H.T. Food, I think was the name at that time, they had a school lunch program and we helped -- it was one of my biggest loans I'd done at Mt. Vernon. We loaned the H.T. a 100,000 dollars which for my branch

Q Okay. Now you mentioned H.T. Foods, my information suggests that it was Freedom foods --

A Freedom, that's right. I'm sorry. It was Freedom foods.

Q H.T. Foods is a company that has become significant since then --

Q -- But I don't think they were doing school lunches. So over the course of -- how long did you remain banker for Freedom and for Henry Thomas?

A For Freedom, Henry -- he had a relationship with me until I actually transferred to Hunt's Point. I think maybe four or five years during that period. I think Freedom, the lunch program, they didn't continue. I think Henry went unto another venture. I'm not sure what he went into at this time.

Q So Freedom, Freedom established -- it went into the MRE business. The providing food for the Government for the military.

A Right. Q I think it somewhere around 1982 or '83, that they established their Hunt's Point plant. Was Citi Bank still servicing Freedom, providing banking services for Freedom while it was doing these MRE's?

A What happened in that period, as a branch

manager I was looking for new relationships so I

transferred from Mt. Vernon and there was assigned to

manage the Hunt's Point branch. At which time I called

Henry to see if I could get his relationship because it

was a good relationship and I wanted to maintain it.

Q Great. Were you providing services like payroll services or cash checking services an things like that for Freedom?

A Yes. Payroll services, check cashing, anything to do with general banking needs.

Q Now in 1984, Freedom's operations moved to Bronx Dale. Do you remember that?

A Yes. They moved into I think it was a plant -the Grastidies plant, I'm not sure what the name of the plant was but --

Q The Grastidies plant, that's right. Did you arrange for -- for Freedom to still be in touch with or for Freedom to still use Citi Bank in Bronx Dale?

A Yes. Well, that was significant because, you know, the Bronx, we needed businesses and we needed employment in the Bronx and at that time, I remember, when Freedom was about to roll out, they were going to be like the -- one of the largest employers in the Bronx.

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And I was trying to get the relationship, but not just 24

him, but I wanted to get all the employees' accounts. So

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we arranged sort of a check cashing arrangement and I wanted to get his balances.

Q Okay. So what did you do?

A I called on him and I opened up -- I arranged a check cashing at another branch closer to Bronx Dale which was at the Casa Hill branch,

Q Who was the loan officer there?

A Well, the loan officer -- I'm not sure who -- I

9 don't know if it was Charlie Kohler --

Q And I don't -- maybe loan officer is the wrong term. Who was the person in charged of that branch?

A Well, the branch manager was Thomas Sirico.

A Well, the trained American Hill. And I managed Hunt's in the state of the managed Casa Hill. And I managed Hunt's in the state of the

Q I see. And so Mr. Sirico took over the relationship for you when they moved.

A The day-to-day operations of Freedom foods. At that point it wasn't -- it was H.T., I guess at that time.

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20 Q Okay. At that point you'd known Mr. Thomas for 21 about --

22 A Just about --

23 Q - Eight years.

24 A Oh, yes, more.

Q Even more.

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Page 878

A. Yes.

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- Q Was he a good customer? 2
- A That was one of my highest balance accounts, 3 actually. 4
- Q Did there come a time when Mr. Thomas contacted -5 6 you to talk to you about having a private investor for

his MRE program and needing your assistance?

A Yes. He mentioned that we were looking -- I knew he was going to get some Government contracts and we 9 were looking to see if we could get the Government 10

contracts and I was looking at my balances being high 11

because if you got the balanced -- got the contracts I'd 12 get more money. And I was also looking at to see if I 13 could possibly get a loan but -- I had to remember he did

14 mention that it was a private investor and I was just saw 15 dollar signs -- so I'm going to get a large relationship. 16

Q Okay. Now did he tell you that he had a 17 private investor? 18

A Yes. He did.

Q Did he tell you the problems that the private 20 investor was having? What did Mr. Thomas ask you to do? 21

A Well, at that time we were looking at finance - Henry, we had some cash flow needs at the Bronx Dale and I was trying to see if I could arrange the loan or

maybe get some financing for him but he had indicated he 25

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- had a private investor. Okay. And I was looking at two 1 angles. One, if we had the Government contracts and he's 2
- got a private investor, I was kind of hoping that the 3
- private investor would put some deposits with me and I 4
- would use that to secure a fully secured loan for the 5
- company. Or if the private investor just wanted to lend 6
- him the money, I would say just leave it on deposit. He
- did say he had private investor lined up though. And I 8
- was kind of looking forward to it. 9
- Q That would of been a feather in your cap. 10
- 11 A Absolutely.
- Q Did Mr. Thomas ask you to do anything in behalf 12 13 of the private investor?

A Just to let him know that we wanted to stand by 14 Henry. We wanted him to grow. As far as the private 15 investor, I think he just wanted to know if Citi Bank, 16 yeu know, provide any financing. 17

Q Okay. Now at that point, once you expressed 18 your willingness to be available, did Mr. Thomas ask you 19 to participate in a meeting with him -- with any 20

21 Government officials?

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- A Yes. He did.
- O Tell me about that. 23
- A Well, if I remember which one -- we were trying 24 to nail down the contract and I recall we had to go down

- to, I think, the Defense Department or some place down in
- the -- near the World Trade Center to meet with the
- Defense Department or whoever was responsible for the
- contract and he was trying just to get a release of some
- funds. We needed something signed or get the contract
- finalized so he could start drawing on some vouchers.
- And he needed to finalize some things so he could get
  - some money to come into his account. Well, I call it his account. Into his company.
    - Q Okay. When you say vouchers, you mean payments by the Government?
      - A Yes.
- Q And that was the information you were looking 13 to confirm from whoever it was you were meeting with? 14

A Looking to confirm that information because we 15 were, again, I'm still looking at the possibility of a loan. We had not done Government contract lending 17

- before, against Government vouchers. And this would have 18
- been a first for us and I was hoping that if you got a 19
- contract -- if I had that contract -- because see the 20
- contract, I would take to my credit officers and say, 21
- look based on the contract let's give this guy provider 22
- 23 financing. 24

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- Q Okay. Did you actually go down to that area?
- A Yes. I took him --

- O Tell me what happened.
- 1 A I took a day off and we went down, I think for 2
- our call is in the morning, I think -- I believe we had a
- morning appointment and I threw some calls advance, we
- had to hang around for sometime, I think Henry and I went
- to have some lunch together. We had a morning 6
- appointment. It was put off. We wound up seeing them in
- the afternoon. I forget the gentleman's -- it was
- Liebman, I think was his name. 9
  - O Marvin Liebman?
- A Right, Marvin Liebman, And --11
- Q That's the person you were supposed to be 12 meeting with? 13
- A Was probably meeting with him? We eventually 14 did meet with them but --15
- O So tell me about that. You're hanging around 16 17
- A I remember when he finally got to see us he 18
- took us into a room, I think, Henry by now -- it was 19
- pretty late in the day and, I think we was just looking 20
- to sit down and talk about the contract or negotiation. 21 And Henry just wanted to introduce me to Liebman as his 22
- banker. Okay. So we did meet with Liebman eventually 23
- 24 during that day. 25
  - Q What happened?

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	A They it got kind of heated, I think. I	1	CERTIFICATION OF TRANSCRIPT
2	think Liebman somehow there were some words exchanged and	2	TTI ' to consider that the attended
3	Liebman got a little frightened or and just jumped up and	3	This is to certify that the attached
4	kind of ran out the room. And I don't know why. I kind	4	proceedings before Administrative Judge DAVID W. JAMES,
5	of well, this is like a long time ago so	5	Department of Defense, Armed Services Board of Contract
6	Q I know it's a long time ago. Do you remember	6	Appeals, in the matter of FREEDOM NY, INC., at Brooklyn,
7	more specifically	7	New York, on Thursday, May 18, 2000 were had as therein
8	A I think Henry just wanted Liebman to get	8	appears, and that this is the original transcript thereof
9	make a decision or have him sign a document whatever they	9	for the files of the Department of Defense.
10	were looking to finalize. And Liebman just kind of just,	10	We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that
11	you know, just jumped up and kind of ran out the room.	11	this is a true, accurate and complete transcript prepared
12	Q Well, let me ask you this. Whatever	12	from the tape made by electronic recording by Donna
13	information it was that Mr. Thomas was asking Mr. Liebman	13	Hughes, Official Reporter, on the aforementioned date,
14	to confirm, would Mr. Liebman confirm it?	14	and have verified the accuracy of the transcript by
15	A No. Not at that time. We didn't come to it	15	comparing the typewritten transcript against the verbal
16	wasn't finalized, He didn't	16	recording.
17	Q Did you leave that meeting with any positive	17	<i>*</i>
18	response from Mr. Liebman to what Mr. Thomas was asking	18	Date: 7/10/00
19	him? Whatever it was?	-	Transcriber
20	A Oh, no I felt I didn't think we had	19	
21	accomplished well, we accomplished something but we	20	
!		1	Proofreader
22	didn't come out with a positive thing that it was a done	21	i iodicadei
23	deal, Okay.	22	
24	MR. LUCHANSKY: That's all I have, your Honor.	23	•
25	JUDGE JAMES: Any cross by the government?	24	<u> </u>
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1	MS. HALLAM: No, your Honor.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2	JUDGE JAMES: All right. Thank you ever so		;
3	much, Mr. Stanley, for your testimony. You may step		
4	down. Appellant have another witness you want to call?		Ĭ.
5	MR. LUCHANSKY: No, your Honor. That's it for		
6	today. Thank you, Sir.		N O
7	JUDGE JAMES: Let's go off the record.		1
8	(Whereupon, at 4:40 p.m., the hearing was		
9	recessed.)		
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